



Topic: 1 – TUTORIAL II

Cayley-Hamilton theorem

1. Using Cayley-Hamilton theorem find the inverse of $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 7 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
2. Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ and hence find A^{-1} and A^4
3. Find A^n using Cayley-Hamilton theorem, taking $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Hence find A^3 .
4. Using Cayley-Hamilton theorem find the value of the matrix given by $A^8 - 5A^7 + 7A^6 - 3A^5 + A^4 - 5A^3 + 8A^2 - 2A + I$, if the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.
5. Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, find its A^{-1} .