

# SIS

#### SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Kurumbapalayam(Po), Coimbatore – 641 107 Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, Recognized by UGC & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

# Department of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science

Course Name – Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

II Year / III Semester

**Unit 2 Semantic Nets and Frame works** 



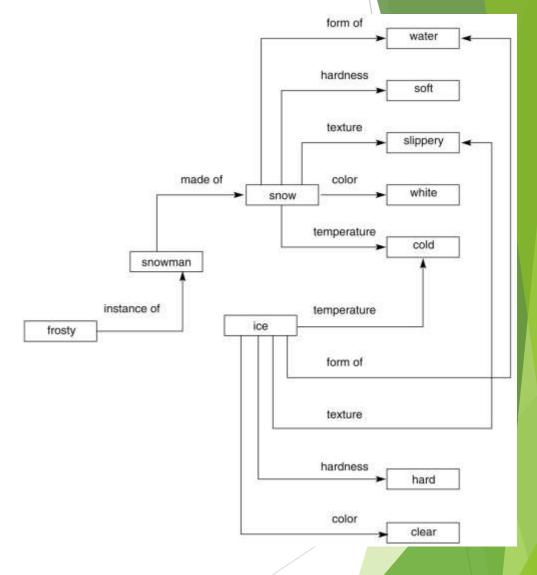


A brief look at semantic

networks

 A semantic network is an irregular graph that has concepts in vertices and relations on arcs.

- Relations can be ad-hoc, but they can also be quite general, for example, "is a" (ISA), "a kind of" (AKO), "an instance of", "part of".
- Relations often express physical properties of objects (colour, length, and lots of others).
- Most often, relations link two concepts.

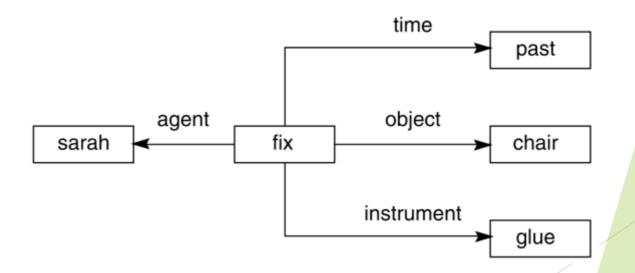






#### ... semantic networks (2)

- General semantic relations help represent the meaning of simple sentences in a systematic way.
- A sentence is centred on a verb that expects certain arguments.
- For example, verbs usually denotes actions (with agents) or states (with passive experiencers, for example, "he dreams" or "he is sick").

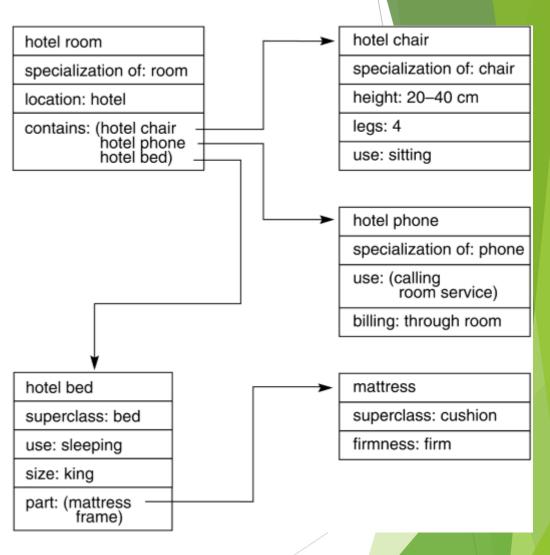






#### Frames and frame systems

- A frame represents a concept;
- a frame system represents an organization of knowledge about a set of related concepts.
- A frame has slots that denote properties of objects. Some slots have *default* fillers, some are empty (may be filled when more becomes known about an object).
- Frames are linked by relations of specialization/generalization and by many ad-hoc relations.

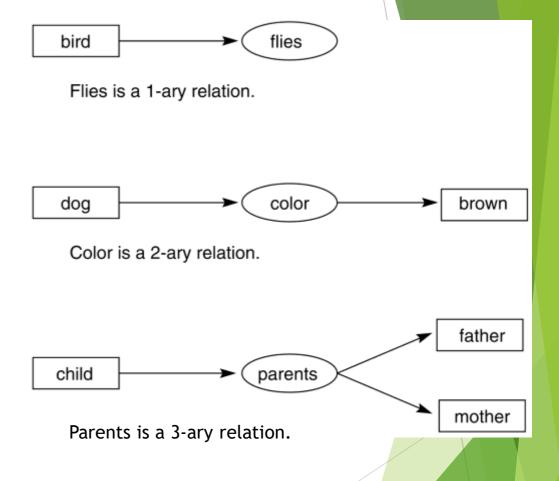






## Conceptual graphs

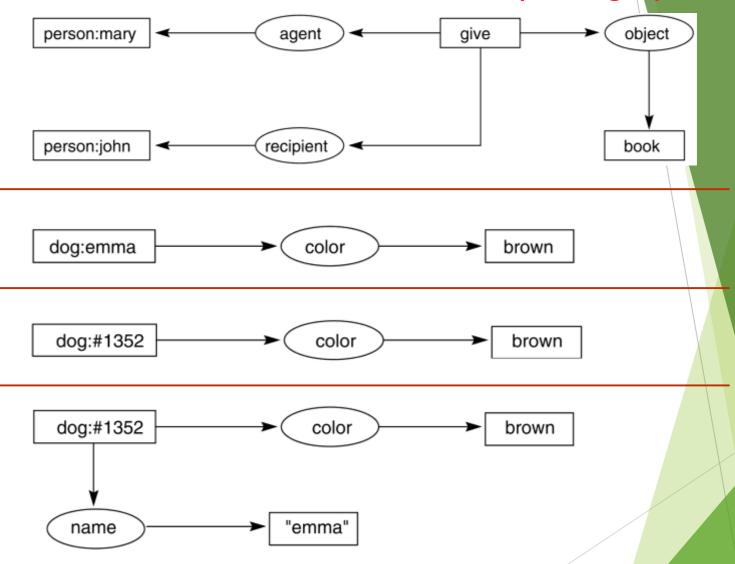
- John Sowa created the conceptual graph notation in 1984. It has substantial philosophical and psychological motivation.
- It is still quite a popular knowledge representation formalism, especially in semantic processing of language, and a topic of interesting research.
- Conceptual graphs can be expressed in firstorder logic but due to its graphical form it may be easier to understand than logic.







### Conceptual graphs (2)



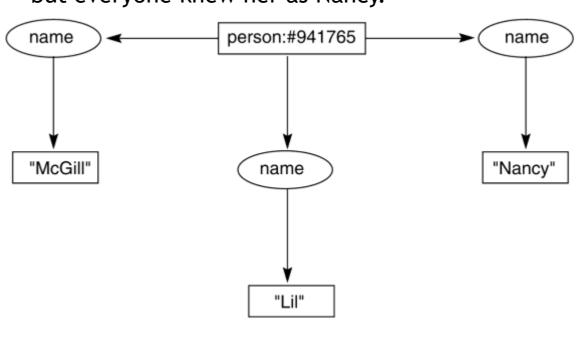




### Conceptual graphs (3)

Her name was Magill, and she called herself Lil,

but everyone knew her as Nancy.

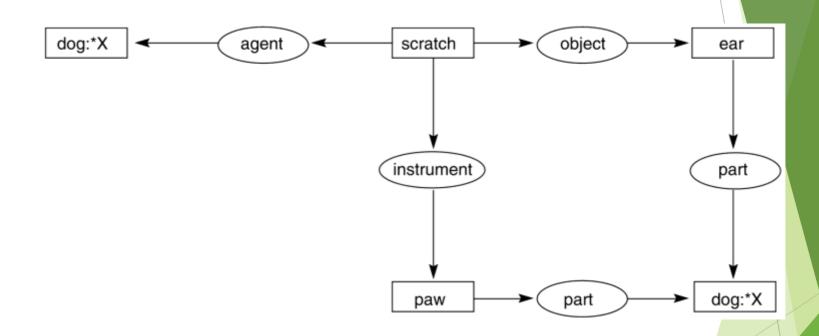


<u>Lil</u>

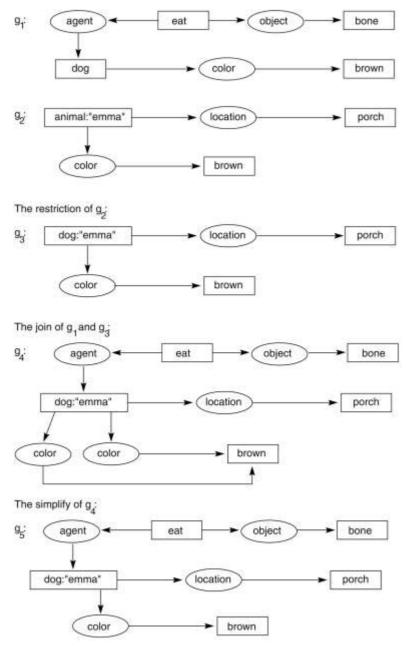




Variables allow us to express the identity of an individual.







# Conceptual graphs (5)

Specialization and type hierarchy

dogs are animals

- $(g_1)$  A brown dog eats a bone.
- $(g_2)$  ... Emma, the brown animal on the porch...
- $(g_3)$  ... Emma, the brown dog on the porch...
- (g<sub>4</sub>) Emma, the brown dog on the porch, eats a bone.

The challenge is to get this from text!



