



SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING



19EC351 – IMAGE PROCESSING AND COMPUTER VISION

UNIT -2

Image Enhancement





Introduction



What is Image Restoration:

Image restoration aim to improve an image in some predefined sense.

What about image enhancement?

Image enhancement also improves an image by applying filters.





Some Noise Probability Density Functions (PDFs):



- Gaussian Noise
- Rayleigh Noise
- Erlang (Gamma) Noise
- Exponential Noise
- Uniform Noise
- Impulse (Salt & Pepper Noise)
- Periodic Noise





Inverse Filtering



Inverse Filtering

An approach to restore an image.

Compute an estimate $\hat{F}(u, v)$ of the transform of the original image by:

$$\hat{F}(u, v) = \frac{G(u, v)}{H(u, v)}$$

Divisions are made between individual elements of the functions.

$$\hat{F}(u, v) = F(u, v) + \frac{N(u, v)}{H(u, v)}$$





Inverse Filtering...

Above Equation concludes that:

Even if we know degradation function, we can not recover the undegraded image [Inverse Fourier Transform of $F(u, v)$] exactly because

$N(u, v)$ is random function whose Fourier Transform is not known.

If degradation has ZERO or less value then $N(u, v) / H(u, v)$ dominates the estimated $F^*(u, v)$.

No explicit provision for handling Noise.





Maximum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering

- Incorporates both degradation function and statistical characteristics of noise into restoration process.
- Considers images and noise as random process.
- Find an estimate \hat{f} of the uncorrupted image f such that mean square error between them is minimized. Error measure is given by:

$$e^2 = E\{(f - \hat{f})^2\}$$

- $E\{. \}$ = Expected value of the argument
- Assumptions:
 - image and noise are uncorrelated.
 - One or other has Zero mean
 - Gray levels in the estimate are a linear function of levels in the degraded image.



- Based on these conditions:

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{F}(u, v) &= \left[\frac{H^*(u, v)S_f(u, v)}{S_f(u, v)|H(u, v)|^2 + S_n(u, v)} \right] G(u, v) \\ &= \left[\frac{H^*(u, v)}{|H(u, v)|^2 + S_n(u, v)/S_f(u, v)} \right] G(u, v) \\ &= \left[\frac{1}{H(u, v)} \frac{|H(u, v)|^2}{|H(u, v)|^2 + S_n(u, v)/S_f(u, v)} \right] G(u, v)\end{aligned}$$

$H(u, v)$ = degradation function

$H^*(u, v)$ = complex conjugate of $H(u, v)$

$|H(u, v)|^2 = H^*(u, v)H(u, v)$

$S_n(u, v) = |N(u, v)|^2$ = power spectrum of the noise [see Eq. (4.2-20)]

$S_f(u, v) = |F(u, v)|^2$ = power spectrum of the undegraded image.





THANK YOU

