



# **SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107



**An Autonomous Institution**

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Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**COURSE NAME :19CS731-SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS**

**III YEAR /V SEMESTER**

**Unit 1- INTRODUCTION**

**Topic 4 :Development of Social Network Analysis**



# Recall previous topic





## 1.7 Key concepts and measures in network analysis

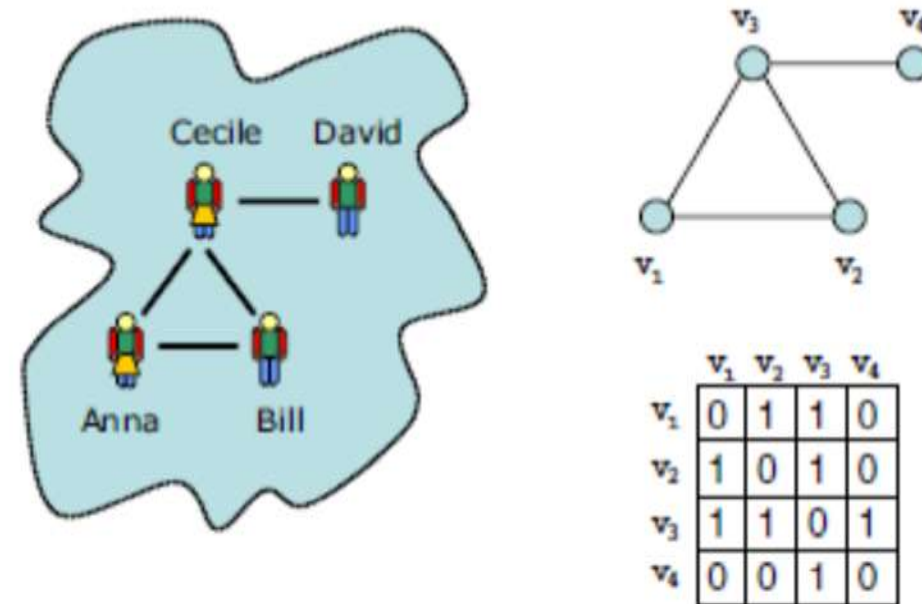
- Social Network Analysis has developed a set of concepts and methods specific to the analysis of social networks.

### 1.7.1 The global structure of networks

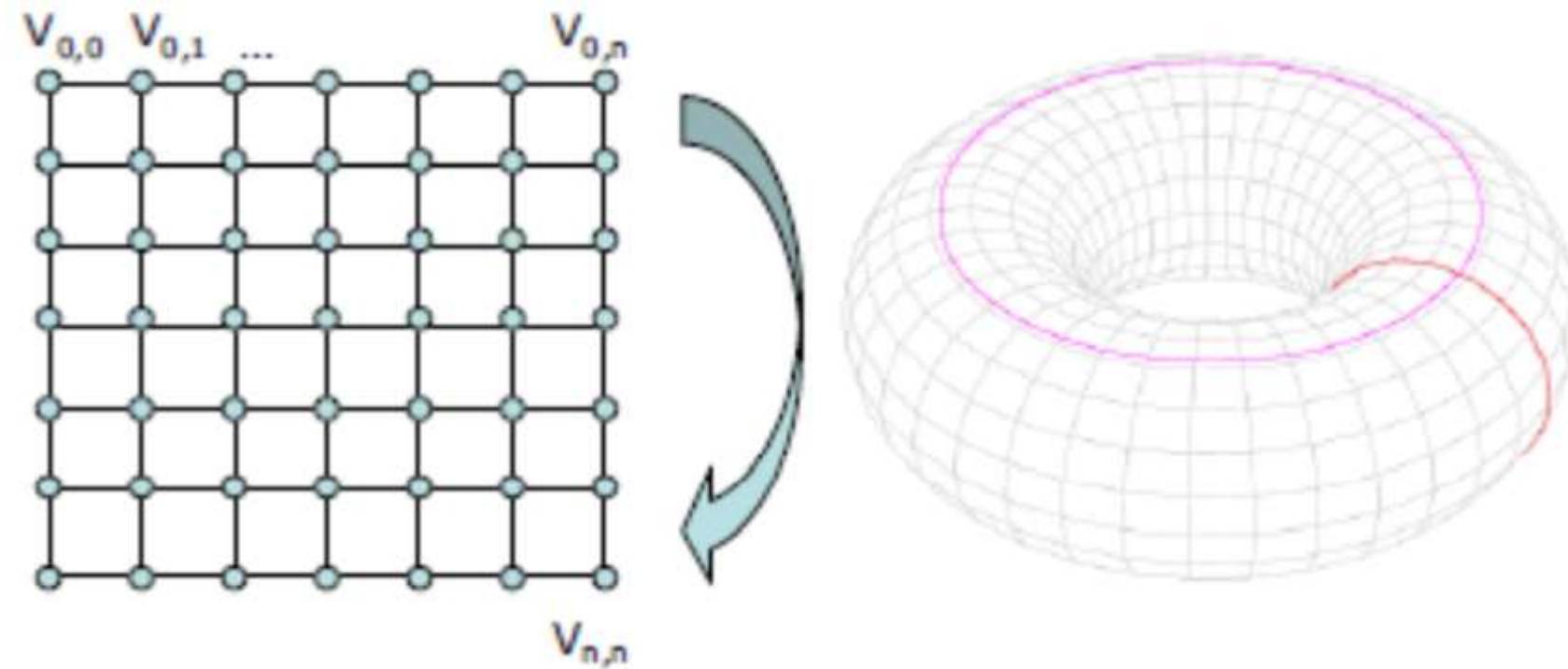
- A Social network can be represented as a Graph  $G = (V, E)$  where  $V$  denotes finite set of vertices and  $E$  denoted finite set of Edges.

Each graph can be associated with its characteristic matrix  $M: = (m_{i,j})_{n \times n}$  where  $n = |V|$

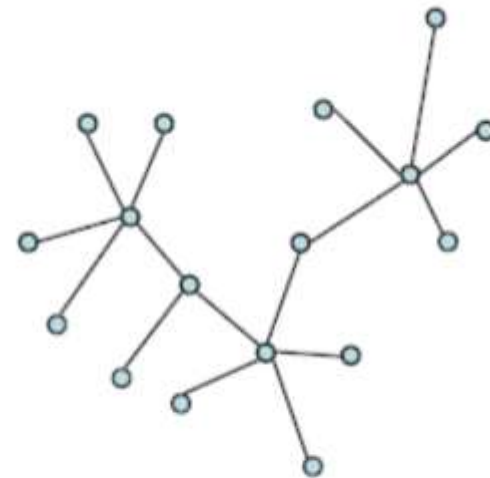
$$m_{i,j} = \begin{cases} 1 & | (v_i, v_j) \in E \\ 0 & | otherwise \end{cases}$$



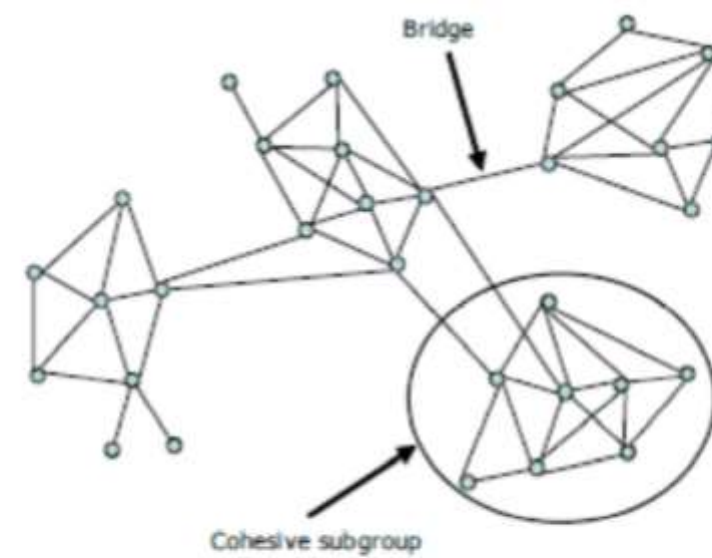
**Figure 1.7.a Most network analysis methods work on an abstract, graph based representation of real world networks.**



- Figure 1.7.b The 2D lattice model of networks (left).  
By connecting the nodes on the opposite borders of the lattice we get a toroidal lattice (right).



**Figure 1.7.c** A tree is a connected graph where there are no loops and paths leading from a vertex to itself.



**Figure 1.7.d** Most real world networks show a structure where densely connected subgroups are linked together by relatively few bridges



## REFERENCES



1. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo ,Social information retrieval systems:Emerging technologies and applications for searching the web effectively, IGI Global snippet,2008

# Thank You