



SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

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Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

COURSE NAME : 19CS622 BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY

IV YEAR / VII SEMESTER

Unit 1- INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN

Topic 2 : Block Chain Technology and Types of Blockchain



Problem



- Not truly decentralized as it requires permission
- Risk of corruption as only a few participants are involved.
- Anytime owner and operator can change the rules as per their need.



Blockchain – Recap




- **Blockchain – What is it?**
 - Aka DLT (Distributed Ledger Technology) - rudimentary shared accounting system
 - Technologically, it is :
 - Distributed database – public ledger (you can insert, select data, but **can't** update or delete data.
 - Distributed computer – execute digital contracts
 - Based on **p2p** (peer-to-peer) technology, cryptology and API



Blockchain – Recap




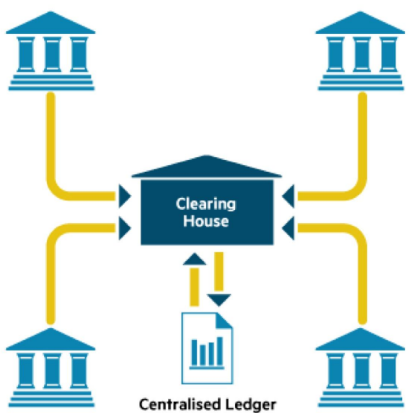
- **Blockchain – What is it?**
 - In fact, the blockchain is more than a technology, it
 - Usually contains financial transactions
 - Is replicated across a number of systems in almost real-time
 - Uses cryptography and digital signatures to prove identity, authenticity and enforce read/write access rights
 - Can be written by everyone in a public blockchain (but only certain participants in a private blockchain)
 - Can be read by participants, often a wider audience
 - Has mechanisms to make it hard to change historical records, or at least make it easy to detect when someone is trying to do so



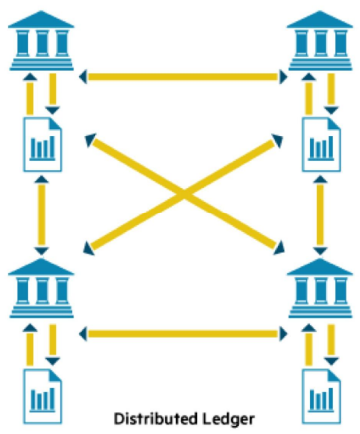
Blockchain - Blockchain terminologies

- Distributed ledger - What is it?






Centralised Ledger




Distributed Ledger

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A public blockchain has some characteristic features:

- ✓Write-only, immutable, transparent data storage.
- ✓Decentralized, no need for intermediaries.
- ✓Consistent state across all participants.
- ✓Resistant against malicious participants.
- ✓Open to everyone.



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Block Chain Technology Challenges - Cont..



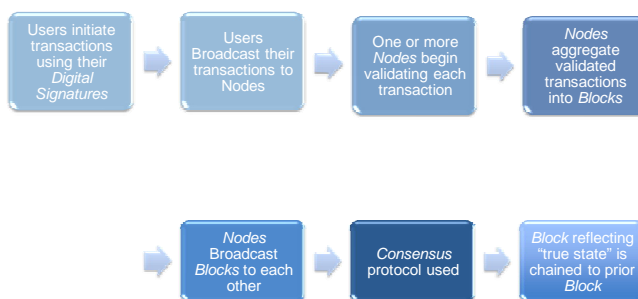
- ❖ The high energy consumption - Bitcoin uses a lot of energy.
- ❖ The scalability issue - Bitcoin supports far less transactions per second than e.g. VISA.
- ❖ It opens up possibilities for money laundering - Some blockchains as Monero are anonymous.
- ❖ The question remains as to how far we want to bypass the middleman. Often he can also protect us, e.g. a bank can protect us to the extent that we do not transfer the money to the wrong person.



Blockchain terminologies



- **Distributed ledger - How it works?**





Types of blockchain - Cont..



- **Types of blockchain**

- There mainly three types of Blockchains that have emerged after Bitcoin introduced Blockchain to the world.

- ✓ **Public Blockchain:**

no one in charge, anyone can participate in reading/writing/auditing the blockchain (i.e. Bitcoin, Litecoin, etc.)

- ✓ **Private Blockchain:**

a private property of an individual or an organization, there is one in charge of important things such as read/write or whom to selectively give access to read or vice versa (i.e. Bankchain)

- ✓ **Consortium or Federated Blockchain:**

More than one in charge. A group of companies or representative individuals come together and make decisions for the best benefit of the whole network (i.e. r3, EWF)



Block Chain Technology - Cont..



4 main types of blockchain technology

	Public (permissionless)	Private (permissioned)	Hybrid	Consortium
ADVANTAGES	+ Independence + Transparency + Trust	+ Access control + Performance	+ Access control + Performance + Scalability	+ Access control + Scalability + Security
DISADVANTAGES	- Performance - Scalability - Security	- Trust - Auditability	- Transparency - Upgrading	- Transparency
USE CASES	■ Cryptocurrency ■ Document validation	■ Supply chain ■ Asset ownership	■ Medical records ■ Real estate	■ Banking ■ Research ■ Supply chain



Activity



Disadvantages



- ✓ Data modification is not possible.
- ✓ It requires large storage for a large database.
- ✓ The owner cannot access the private key again if they forget or lose it.



Advantages



- ❖ It provides greater trust among users.
- ❖ It provides greater security among data.
- ❖ Reduce the cost of production.
- ❖ Improve Speed.
- ❖ Invocation and tokenization.
- ❖ It provides immutable records.
- ❖ Smart contracts



Assessment 1



1. List out the Advantages types of Block Chain Technology

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____

2. Identify the Applications types of Block Chain Technology

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____



**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies, by Andreas M Antonopoulos 2018
2. Imran Bashir, "Mastering Blockchain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization and Smart Contracts Explained", Second Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018.

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1. William Mougayar, "Business Blockchain Promise, Practice and Application of the Next Internet Technology, John Wiley & Sons 2016.
2. Josh Thompson, 'Blockchain: The Blockchain for Beginnings, Guild to Blockchain Technology and Blockchain Programming', Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 2017.
3. Arvind Narayanan, "Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction", Princeton University Press, July 19, 2016.

THANK YOU