



TOPIC: 2 – PROBLEMS BASED ON FULL RANGE SERIES

	Dirichlet condition:
	i) fix) is periodic, single valued and
	finite ii) fix) has a finite no. of finite
	discontinuous.
	iii) fix has no infinite discontinuous
	iv) fix) has a finite no of maseima and minima =
24	Formula for fourier series in (0,211).
	$f(\alpha) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos n\alpha + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin n\alpha.$
	where $a_0 = \frac{2}{b-a} \int f(x) dx$
	$an = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \cos \cos nx  dx$
	. Els Emaios en a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
	bn = 2 flow sinna da.
	Troblems:  ① Expand $f(x) = x^2 + (0, 2\pi)$ and hence deduce that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$ .
	n=1 n2 6





Sol:
$$\begin{cases}
(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx. \\
a_0 = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_{b-a}^{b} f(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left( \frac{x^3}{3} \right)_{0}^{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{8\pi^2}{3\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x^2 \cos nx dx.$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x^2 \cos nx dx.$$





$$an = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\alpha^2 \sin nx}{n} + \frac{2\alpha \cos nx}{n^2} - \frac{2 \sin nx}{n^3} \right]^{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{4\pi^2 \sin nx}{n} + \frac{4\pi \cos nx}{n^2} - \frac{2 \sin nx}{n^3} \right]^{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{4\pi^2 \sin nx}{n} + \frac{4\pi \cos nx}{n^2} \right]^{2\pi} \left( \frac{\sin nx}{n^3} \right)^{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi^2} \left[ \frac{4\pi^2}{n^2} \right]^{2\pi}$$

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$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{4\pi^2 \cos nx}{n} + \frac{2\pi}{n^2} \right]^{2\pi}$$

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$$bn = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{n}}^{-\frac{\pi}{n}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{n}}^{2\pi} \frac{1}{\sqrt$$









$$\alpha_{n} = \frac{1}{\Pi} \left[ \frac{2\Pi - x^{2} \cdot \frac{2 \sin nx}{n}}{n} + \frac{2 \cdot (\Pi - x) \cdot \cos nx}{n^{2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Pi} \left[ -\frac{2 \cdot (\Pi - x\Pi) \cdot \cos xn\Pi}{n^{2}} + \frac{2\Pi \cdot \cos xn\Pi}{n^{2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Pi} \left( \frac{4\Pi \cdot \cos xn\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{\Pi} \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{4}{n^{2}} \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi \cdot \cos xn\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{\Pi} \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{4}{n^{2}} \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Pi} \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Pi} \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Pi} \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n^{2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4\Pi}{n$$





bn = 0.

$$\int_{[x]} \left[\frac{2\pi^{2}}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^{2}}\right]$$
De duction:
$$\int_{[x]} \int_{[x]} \left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = 2\frac{\pi^{2}}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{n^{2}} + \frac{1}{n^{2}} = 2\frac{\pi^{2}}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^{2}}$$

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$$\frac{1}{n^{2}} = 2\frac{\pi^{2}}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^{2}}$$
Problem on  $(0, 2\pi)$ :
$$\int_{[n=1]}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2}} = \int_{[n=1]}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2}} = \int_{[$$





$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\chi^{2}}{2} \right]_{0}^{\pi} + \left( 2\pi \chi - \frac{\chi^{2}}{2} \right)_{0}^{\pi} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\pi^{2}}{2} + 4\pi^{2} - \frac{4\pi^{2}}{2} - 2\pi^{2} + \frac{\pi^{2}}{2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left( \frac{\pi^{2}}{2} \right)$$





$$a_{n} = \frac{1}{1\pi} \left[ \frac{2(-1)^{n}-1}{n^{2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[ \frac{-4}{\pi n^{2}} \right] \quad \text{if } n \text{ is odd}$$

$$a_{n} = \int_{-a}^{a} \frac{4}{\pi n^{2}} \quad \text{if } n \text{ is even.}$$

$$b_{n} = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_{0}^{b} f(x) \quad \text{Sinnx dx} + \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} (\pi - x) \quad \text{Sinnon dx}$$

$$= \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} \alpha \quad \text{Sinnx dx} + \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} (\pi - x) \quad \text{Sinnon dx}$$

$$u = x \quad \text{If } x = \frac{2\pi}{\pi} = x \quad \text{If } x = -1.$$

$$u_{1} = 1 \quad \text{If } x = \frac{2\pi}{\pi} = x \quad \text{If } x = -1.$$

$$u_{2} = 0 \quad \text{If } x = \frac{2\pi}{\pi} = x \quad \text{If } x = -1.$$

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$$\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \left\{ (x) = \frac{\pi}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{A}{n^{2}\pi} \cos nx \right\}$$
Deduction:
$$\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\pi}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{A}{n^{2}\pi} \cos nx = 0$$

$$\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\pi}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{A}{n^{2}\pi} \cos nx = 0$$

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$$\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\pi}{2} \cos nx = 0$$

$$\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{A}{n^{2}\pi} \cos nx = 0$$

$$\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{A}{n^{2}$$





$$a_{0} = \frac{1}{17} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \cos x + \sin x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{17} \begin{bmatrix} -27 \end{bmatrix} \cos x + \sin x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{17} \begin{bmatrix} -27 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_{0} = -2$$

$$= \frac{1}{27} \int_{0}^{1} x \cos x \sin x \sin x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{27} \int_{0}^{1} x \cos x \sin x \sin x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{27} \int_{0}^{1} x \cos x \sin x \sin x dx$$

$$u = x \qquad dv = \int \sin(n+1)x dx \int dv = \int \sin(n-1)x dx$$

$$u = x \qquad dv = \int \sin(n+1)x dx \int dv = \int \sin(n-1)x dx$$

$$v = -\frac{\cos(n+1)x}{n+1}$$

$$v = -\frac{\sin(n+1)x}{(n-1)^{2}}$$

$$a_{0} = \frac{1}{27} \begin{bmatrix} -2\cos(n+1)x & \sin(n+1)x \\ -2\cos(n+1)x & \sin(n+1)x \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -2\sin(n-1)x \\ -2\sin(n+1)x & \cos(n+1)x \\ -2\cos(n+1)x & \cos(n+1)x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{27} \begin{bmatrix} -2\cos(n+1)x & \sin(n+1)x \\ -2\cos(n+1)x & \sin(n+1)x \\ -2\cos(n+1)x & \cos(n+1)x \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$= \frac{1}{27} \begin{bmatrix} -2\cos(n+1)x & \cos(n+1)x \\ -2\sin(n+1)x & \cos(n+1)x \\ -2\cos(n+1)x & \cos(n+1)x \end{bmatrix}$$





$$A_{1} = \frac{1}{17} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x \sin x \cos x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{17} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x \sin x dx$$

$$u = x \qquad dv = \int_{0}^{2\pi} \sin x dx$$

$$u_{1} = 1 \qquad v = \frac{\cos x}{2}$$

$$u_{2} = 0 \qquad v_{1} = -\frac{\sin x}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ -\frac{2(\cos x)}{2} + \frac{\sin x}{2} \right]_{0}^{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \cos x \sin x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x \cos (n-1)x - \cos (n+1)x dx$$

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$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x \cos (n-1)x dx - \int_{0}^{2\pi} x \cos (n+1)x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x \sin (n-1)x dx + \frac{\cos (n+1)x}{(n-1)^{2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x \sin (n-1)x dx + \frac{\cos (n+1)x}{(n-1)^{2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} x \sin (n-1)x dx + \frac{\cos (n+1)x}{(n-1)^{2}} dx$$





$$b_{1} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{1}{(n-1)^{2}} + \frac{1}{(n+1)^{2}} - \frac{1}{(n+1)^{2}} + \frac{1}{(n+1)^{2}} \right]$$

$$b_{1} = 0.$$

$$b_{1} = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int x \sin x \sin x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int x \left( 1 - \cos 2x \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ x \left( \frac{x - \sin 2x}{2} \right) - \left( \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{\cos 2x}{4} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ 2\pi \left( 2\pi \right) - \frac{4\pi^{2}}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ 4\pi^{2} - \frac{4\pi^{2}}{2} \right] = \frac{1}{2\pi}, \quad \frac{\sqrt{\pi}^{2}}{2}$$

$$b_{1} = \pi.$$

$$\vdots \quad b_{1} =$$





