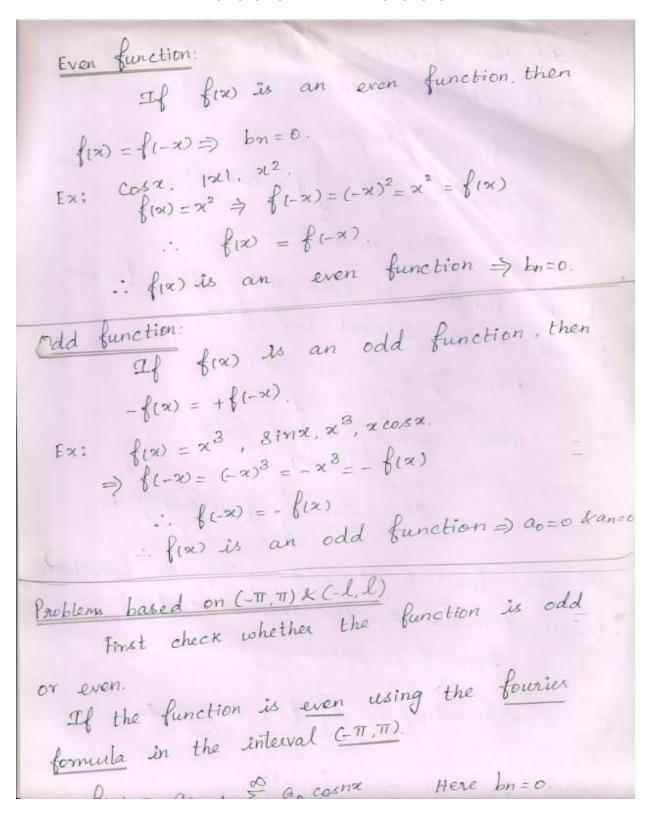




TOPIC: 5 - ODD AND EVEN FUNCTIONS







If the function is odd using the fourier formula in the interval
$$(\overline{a}, \overline{a})$$
.

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx$$

$$\text{where } b_n = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_{a}^{b} f(x) \sin nx \, dx$$

$$\text{Here } a_0 = 0 \text{ & } a_n = 0.$$
If the function is even using the fourier formula in the interval $(-1, 1)$.

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{1}$$

$$\text{where } a_0 = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_{a}^{b} f(x) \, dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_{a}^{b} f(x) \cos n\pi x \, dx.$$
If the function is odd using the function formula in the interval $(-1, 1)$.

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin n\pi x$$

$$\text{where } b_n = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_{a}^{b} f(x) \sin n\pi x \, dx.$$





and deduce that
$$\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \cdots = \frac{\pi}{8}.$$
30l:
$$\begin{cases}
1 - \frac{2\pi}{\pi}, & -\pi \le -x \le 0 \\
1 + \frac{2\pi}{\pi}, & 0 \le -x \le \pi
\end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases}
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1 + \frac{2\pi$$





$$A_{n} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} \left(1 - \frac{2z}{\pi}\right) \frac{\cos nz}{dx}$$

Here $u = 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi}$ $\int_{0}^{\pi} dv = \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos nz \, dx$

$$u_{1} = -\frac{2}{2\pi} \qquad V = \frac{\sin nz}{n}$$

$$u_{2} = 0 \qquad V_{1} = -\frac{\cos nz}{n}$$

$$u_{2} = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\left(1 - \frac{2z}{\pi}\right) \frac{\sin nz}{n} - \frac{2\cos nz}{\pi} \right]_{0}^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\left(1 - \frac{2\pi}{\pi}\right) \frac{\sin nz}{n} - \frac{2\cos nz}{\pi n^{2}} + \frac{2}{\pi n^{2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{-2(-1)^{n}}{\pi n^{2}} + \frac{2}{\pi n^{2}} \right]$$

$$a_{1} = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{-2(-1)^{n}}{\pi n^{2}} + \frac{1}{\pi n^{2}} \right]$$

$$a_{1} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\pi n^{2}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \sin z \, dz$$

$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin z \, dz$$





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1 - \frac{2\pi}$$





$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \frac{2}{m} \quad a_0 \cos nx.$$

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \frac{2}{m} \quad a_0 \cos nx.$$

$$= \frac{2}{2\pi} \int \frac{1}{m} \cos x \, dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int \frac{1}{m} \cos x \, dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{2\pi} \int \frac{1}{m} \cos x \, dx + \int \frac{1}{m} \cos x \, dx$$

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$$a_{n} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{\left(Sin(n+1)x}{n+1} + \frac{Sin(n-1)x}{n-1} \right)^{\frac{n}{1}} \left(\frac{Sin(n+1)x}{n+1} + \frac{Sin(n-1)x}{n-1} \right)^{\frac{n}{1}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{\left(Sin(n+1)x}{n+1} + \frac{Sin(n-1)x}{n-1} \right) + \frac{Sin(n-1)x}{n+1} + \frac{Sin(n-1)x}{n-1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{2 \sin(n+1) \pi |_{2}}{n+1} + \frac{2 \sin(n-1)\pi |_{2}}{n-1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{sin(n+1) \pi |_{2}}{n+1} + \frac{2 \sin(n-1)\pi |_{2}}{n-1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{sin(n+1) \pi |_{2}}{n+1} + \frac{2 \sin(n-1)\pi |_{2}}{n-1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{cos \pi |_{2}}{n+1} - \frac{cos \pi |_{2}}{n-1} \right]$$

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$$=\frac{2}{\pi}\int_{0}^{\pi h}\frac{1+\cos^{2}x}{2}dx$$

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Given
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x-1 & -\pi < x < 0 \\ 1+x & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$f(-x) = \begin{cases} -x-1 & -\pi < x < 0 \\ 1-x & 0 < -x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} x+1 & 0 < x < \pi \\ x-1 & -\pi < x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = -f(x)$$

$$f(x) = -f(x)$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n s_{innx}.$$
where $b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) s_{innx} dx$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} x + \frac{s_{innx}}{n^2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{n^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-(\pi+1) \frac{cosn\pi}{n} + \frac{s_{inn\pi}}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-(\pi+1) \frac{cosn\pi}{n} + \frac{s_{inn\pi}}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n} \right]$$

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2. Prove that
$$\frac{x(\pi^2-x^2)}{12} = \frac{\sin x}{1^3} = \frac{\sin x}{2^3} = \frac{\sin 3x}{2^3} + \dots$$

in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$.

Sol:

Let $f(x) = \frac{x(\pi^2-x^2)}{12}$
 $f(-x) = (-x)\left(\frac{\pi^2-(-x)^2}{12}\right)$
 $= -x\left(\frac{\pi^2-x^2}{12}\right)$
 $f(x)$ is an odd function $= a_0 = 0$ because

Let the sequired fourier series be

 $f(x) = \frac{z}{\pi}$ busing $f(x)$ singular

 $f(x) = \frac{z}{\pi}$ of $f(x)$ singular

 $f(x) =$





$$b_{n} = -\frac{\cos n\pi}{n^{3}}$$

$$= -\frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}}$$

$$\vdots \quad f(\alpha) = -\frac{s}{n^{2}} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{3}} g_{i}n_{0}\alpha.$$

$$\frac{r(\pi^{2}-\alpha^{2})}{12} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1^{3}} - \frac{\sin 2\alpha}{2^{3}} + \frac{\sin 3\alpha}{2^{3}} + \cdots$$

$$\frac{g_{n}}{12} = \frac{\pi^{2}}{1^{3}}$$

$$\vdots \quad f(\alpha) = \alpha + \alpha^{2}$$

$$f(\alpha) = \alpha + \alpha^{2}$$

$$f(\alpha) = -\alpha + (-\alpha)^{2}$$

$$= -\alpha + \alpha^{2}$$

$$f(\alpha) = -f(\alpha)$$

$$\vdots \quad f(\alpha) \text{ is neither even nor odd.}$$

$$\vdots \quad f(\alpha) = \frac{a_{0}}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_{n} \cos n\alpha + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_{n} \sin n\alpha.$$

$$a_{0} = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(\alpha) d\alpha$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{\alpha + \alpha^{2}}{\alpha} d\alpha$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\alpha^{2}}{2} + \frac{\alpha^{3}}{3} \right)_{\pi}^{\pi} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\alpha^{2}}{2} + \frac{\alpha^{3}}{3} \right)_{\pi}^{\pi} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty}$$





$$a_{n} = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \chi_{+} \alpha^{2} \cos nx \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \chi_{+} \alpha^{2} \cos nx \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[(\chi + \chi^{2}) \frac{\sin nx}{n} + \frac{(\chi + \chi^{2}) \cos nx}{n^{2}} \right] \frac{2 \sin nx}{n^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[(\chi + \chi^{2}) \frac{\cos n\pi}{n} - \frac{(\chi + \chi^{2}) \cos nx}{n^{2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[(\chi + \chi^{2}) \frac{(\chi + \chi^{2})}{n^{2}} - \frac{(\chi + \chi^{2}) \cos nx}{n^{2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{(\chi + \chi^{2})}{n^{2}} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \chi_{+} \chi_{+} x^{2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \chi_{+} x^{2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \chi_{+} \chi_{+} x^{2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \chi_{+$$





$$b_{n} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{-\pi(-1)^{n}}{n} - \frac{\pi^{2}}{n} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n} + \frac{\pi^{2}}{n} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{-2\pi(-1)^{n}}{n} - \frac{\pi^{2}}{n} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n} \right]$$

$$b_{n} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n}$$

$$b_{n} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n} \text{ is odd}$$

$$b_{n} = \frac{2}{3} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n} \text{ is even}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}} \text{ coun} + \frac{5}{n^{2}} \frac{2}{n} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}} \text{ coun} + \frac{5}{n^{2}} \frac{2}{n} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}} \text{ coun} + \frac{5}{n^{2}} \frac{2}{n} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}} \text{ coun} + \frac{5}{n^{2}} \frac{2}{n} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}} \text{ coun} + \frac{5}{n^{2}} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{2}} \frac{(-1)^$$