

**SNS COLLEGE OF ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCE**  
Affiliated to The Tamil Nadu Dr MGR Medical University, Chennai



**DEPARTMENT OF OPERATION THEATRE AND ANESTHESIA**  
**TECHNOLOGY – II Year**

**COURSE NAME: PRINCIPLES OF ANESTHESIA - 1**

**UNIT 1 - ANAESTHESIA MACHINE & MEDICAL GAS SUPPLY**

**TOPIC : Anesthesia Machine**

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# ANESTHESIA MACHINE

- An anesthesia machine is a medical device used to generate and mix a fresh gas flow of medical gases (e.g.,  $O_2$ ,  $N_2O$ ) and inhalational anesthetic agents for inducing and maintaining anesthesia.
- It integrates with ventilators, breathing systems, suction equipment, and monitoring devices for comprehensive patient care.
- Invented by Edmund Gaskin Boyle in 1917, known as Boyle's anesthesia machine.
- Shifted from portable setups to stationary units due to bulky cylinder storage and complex systems.

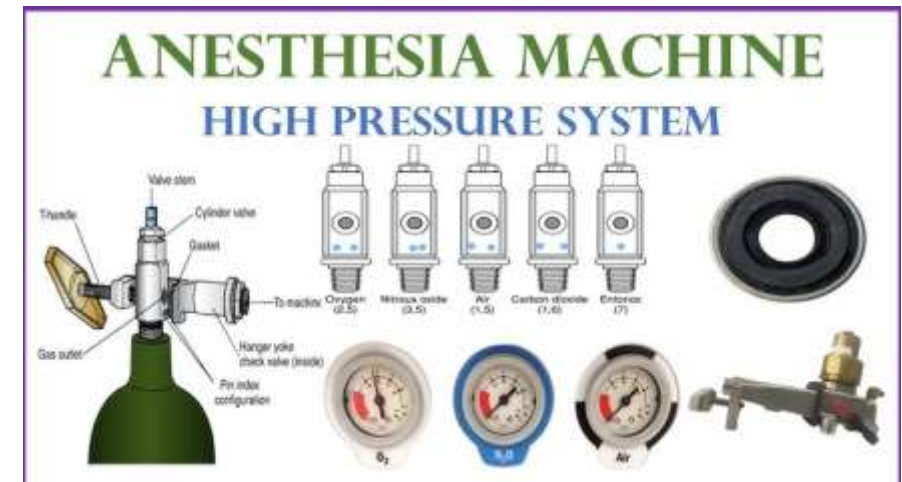
# Major Components

- High Pressure System
- Intermediate Pressure System
- Low Pressure System
- Breathing System
- Ventilator
- Scavenging System
- Monitoring Devices



# High Pressure System

- **Gas Cylinders:** Store high-pressure gases (e.g., O<sub>2</sub> at 2200 psig, N<sub>2</sub>O at 745 psig); color-coded for safety.
- **Yoke Assembly:** Secures cylinders with pin-index safety system to prevent wrong connections.
- **Check Valves:** Prevent backflow of gases.
- **Pressure Gauges:** Indicate cylinder pressure levels.
- **Pressure Regulators:** Reduce pressure to 45-50 psig for downstream use.



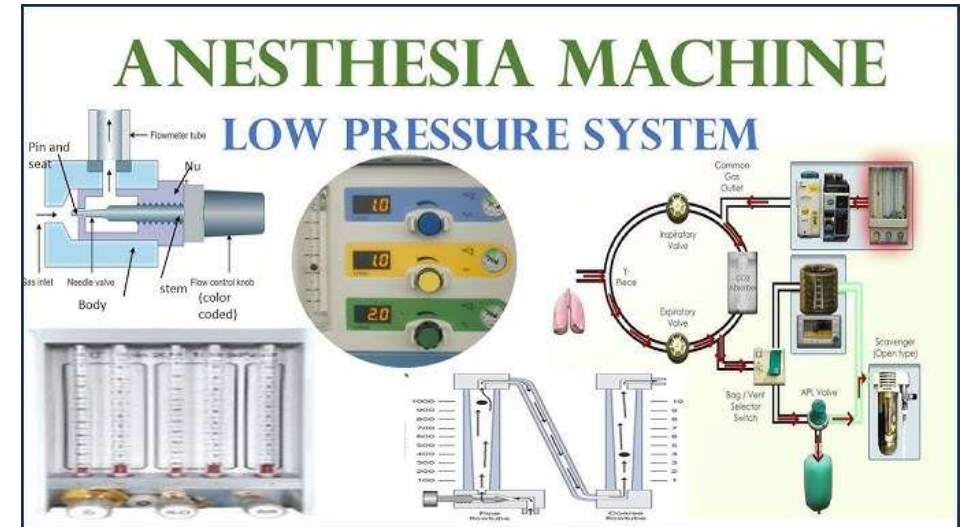
# Intermediate Pressure System

- **Pipeline Inlets:** Connect to central gas supply (50 psig) with filters and check valves.
- **Master Switch:** Controls gas flow activation.
- **Oxygen Pressure Failure Devices:** Alarms and stops other gases if O<sub>2</sub> pressure drops.
- **Second Stage Regulators:** Fine-tune pressure to intermediate levels.
- **Flush Valve:** Delivers 50 L/min O<sub>2</sub> in emergencies.



# Low Pressure System

- **Flow Control Valves:** Adjust gas flow rates.
- **Flowmeters (Rotameters):** Measure and display gas flow (e.g., 0-15 L/min).
- **Hypoxia Prevention Safety Devices:** Ensure minimum 25% O<sub>2</sub> in mixture.
- **Unidirectional Check Valves:** Prevent reverse gas flow.
- **Vaporizers:** Deliver precise anesthetic vapors (e.g., sevoflurane), temperature- compensated.
- **Common Gas Outlet:** Connects to breathing circuit.





# Breathing Circuits

- **Absorber Assembly:** Removes CO<sub>2</sub> using soda lime.
- **Unidirectional Valves:** Ensure one-way gas flow to patient.
- **Adjustable Pressure Limiting Valve:** Releases excess pressure.
- **Reservoir Bag:** Allows manual ventilation and pressure monitoring.
- **Hoses:** Connect components to patient circuit.
- **Y Piece:** Splits gas flow to inspiratory and expiratory limbs.



# Ventilator

- **Bellows Assembly:** Drives gas into patient lungs.
- **Controls:** Adjust tidal volume, respiratory rate, and pressure.
- **Alarms:** Alert for high pressure or disconnection.





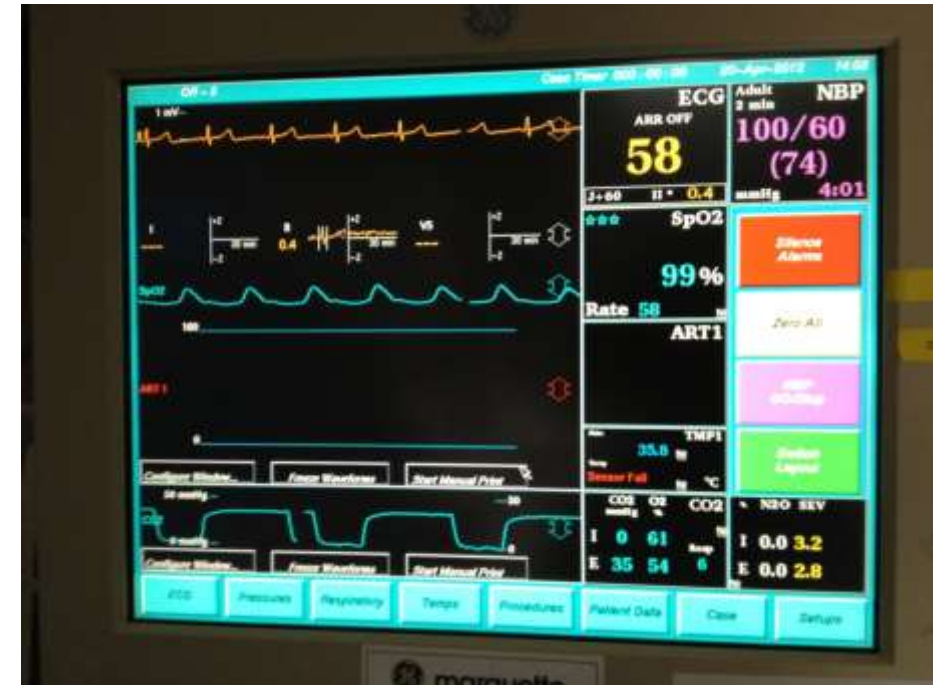
# Scavenging System

- **Collection System:** Captures excess anesthetic gases.
- **Transfer Tubing:** Transports gases to disposal.
- **Gas Disposal Tubing:** Connects to exhaust system.
- **Gas Disposal Assembly:** Safely vents gases outside.

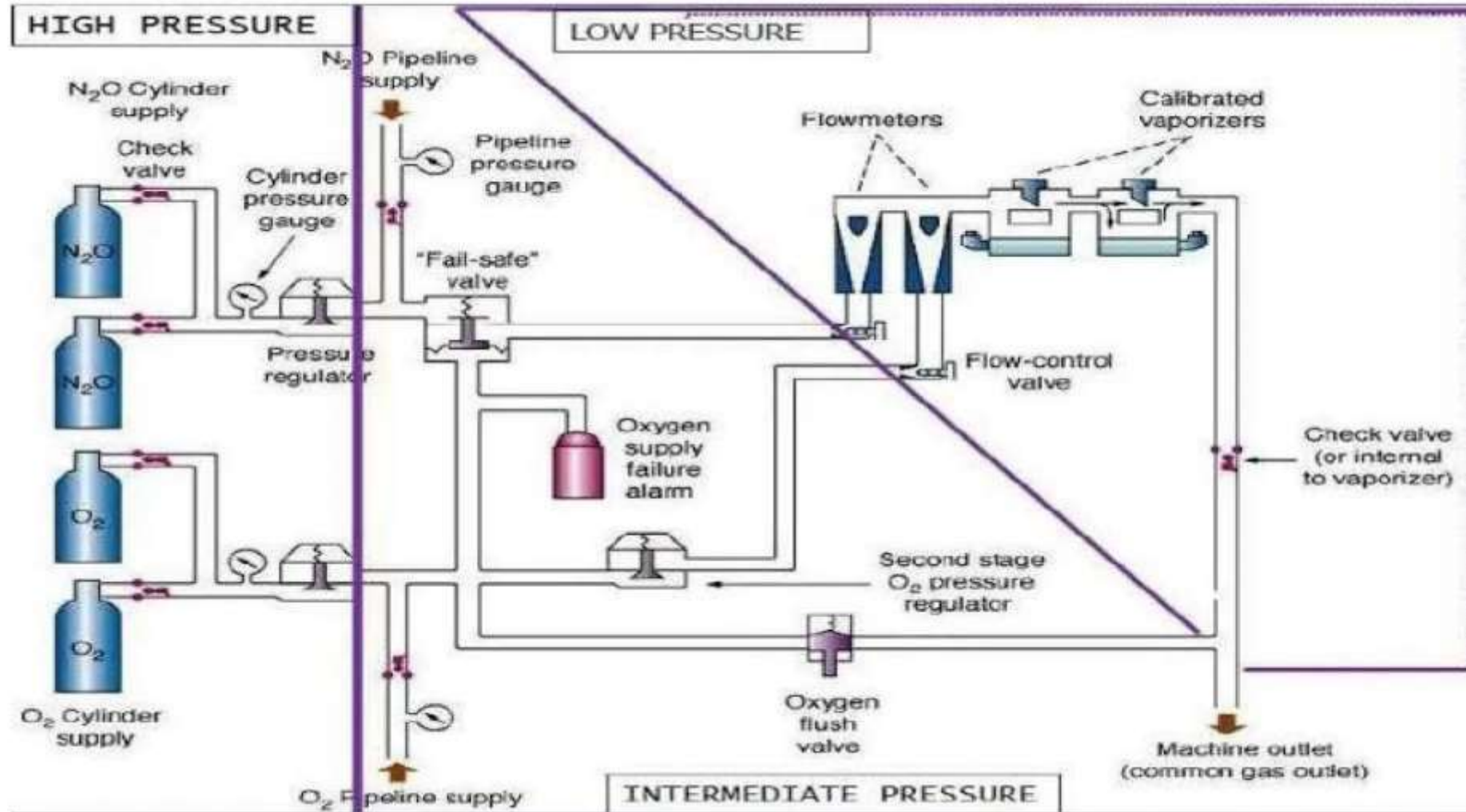


# Monitoring Devices

- **Oxygen Analyzer:** Measures  $O_2$  concentration.
- **Pressure Gauges:** Monitor circuit pressure.
- **Volume Monitors:** Track delivered tidal volume.
- **Respiratory Rate Monitors:** Display breathing frequency.
- **Capnograph:** Measures  $CO_2$  levels.
- **Pulse Oximeter:** Assesses oxygen saturation.



# Anesthesia Machine



# Summary

- Anesthesia machine is essential for safe anesthesia delivery.
- Understand the three pressure systems and their parts: High (cylinders, regulators), Intermediate (pipelines, alarms), Low (flowmeters, vaporizers).
- Regular checks and maintenance are crucial for reliability.
- Safety features prevent mishaps during use.

# References

- **Book:** Dorsch JA, Dorsch SE. (2020). *Understanding Anesthesia Equipment*. 6th ed. Wolters Kluwer.
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# THANK YOU