SNS COLLEGE OF ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCE

Affiliated to The Tamil Nadu Dr M.G.R Medical University, Chennai



DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOPULMONARY PERFUSION CARE

TECHNOLOGY

COURSE NAME: CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY

UNIT: 1

TOPIC: STERILIZATION – PHYSICAL METHOD – MOIST HEAT

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RECAP - STERILIATION - MOIST HEAT (DEFINE)



- Uses steam or hot water vapor to kill all microorganisms, including spores
- Techniques include boiling, pasteurization, autoclave and tyndallization
- Frequently used for sterilizing surgical instruments, laboratory glassware, media, heat-tolerant medical items.
- Not suitable for moisture-sensitive or heat-labile items and may cause rusting on metallic tools



MOIST HEAT AT < 100°C



PASTEURIZATION

- Used in food and dairy industries to destroy milkborne pathogens
 (e.g., Salmonella, Mycobacteria, Streptococci,
 Staphylococci, Brucella).
- Employed by Louis Pasteur, followed in food and dairy industry.





METHODS OF PASTEURIZATION



- Holder Method:
- Heating at 63°C for 30 minutes.
- Flash Method:
- Heating at 72°C for 15 seconds, followed by rapid cooling to 13°C.
- Ultra-High Temperature (UHT):
- Heating at 140°C for 15 seconds or 149°C for 0.5 seconds.

VACCINE BATH



- •Inactivates contaminating bacteria in vaccine preparations by heating at 60°C for one hour.
- •Only vegetative bacteria are killed; spores may survive.





•SERUM BATH:

- •Inactivates bacteria in serum by heating at 56°C for one hour over several days.
- Higher temperatures may coagulate proteins.

•INSPISSATION:

•Used to solidify and disinfect egg or serum-containing media by heating at 80-85°C for 30 minutes on three successive days.

MOIST HEAT AT 100°C



BOILING

- Kills most vegetative bacteria and viruses immediately but may not eliminate bacterial spores or heat-resistant toxins.
- Enhanced by adding 2% sodium bicarbonate.
- Used for disinfecting metal articles and glassware (10-20 minutes) when absolute sterility is not required.





MOIST HEAT AT >100°C



AUTOCLAVE

- Sterilization at temperatures above 100°C using pressurized steam.
- At 15 lbs pressure, the temperature reaches 121°C, sterilizing articles in 15 minutes.
- Effectively kills bacterial spores, vegetative cells, and other microbial forms.
- Water's boiling point increases with pressure in a closed chamber.



Types of Autoclaves









Common Laboratory Autoclave



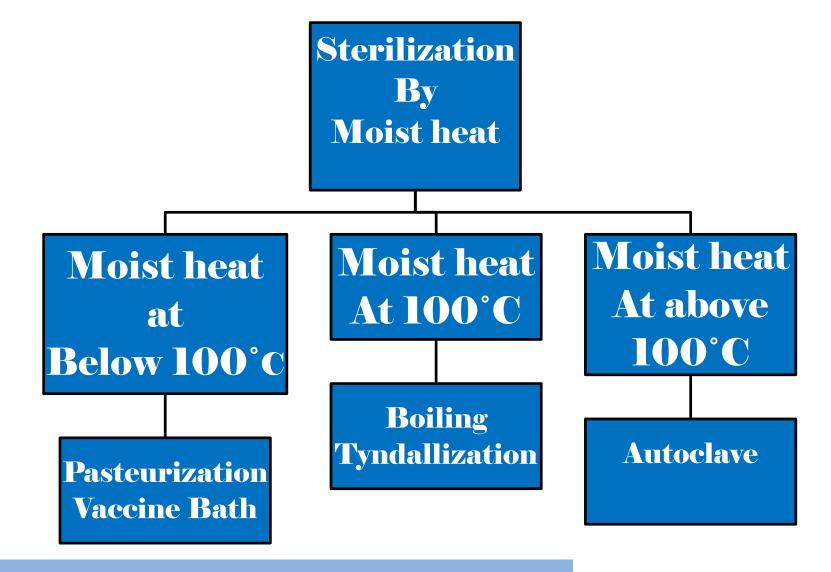




Large Automatic Hospital Autoclave

SUMMARY - MOIST HEAT





REFERENCES



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 Requirements for the Development, Validation, and Routine Control of a Sterilization
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- Microbe Notes: Physical Methods of Sterilization Heat, Filtration, Radiation
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THANK YOU