



# UNIT-II

## 8086 Instruction Set



## INSTRUCTION SETS - 8086

**The 8086 microprocessor supports 8 types of instructions –**

- Data Transfer Instructions
- Arithmetic Instructions
- Bit Manipulation Instructions
- String Instructions
- Program Execution Transfer Instructions (Branch & Loop Instructions)
- Processor Control Instructions
- Iteration Control Instructions
- Interrupt Instructions



## Data Transfer Instructions:

These instructions are used to transfer the data from the source operand to the destination operand.

- **MOV** – Used to copy the byte or word from the provided source to the provided destination.
- **PPUSH** – Used to put a word at the top of the stack.
- **POP** – Used to get a word from the top of the stack to the provided location.
- **PUSHA** – Used to put all the registers into the stack.
- **POPA** – Used to get words from the stack to all registers.
- **XCHG** – Used to exchange the data from two locations.
- **XLAT** – Used to translate a byte in AL using a table in the memory.



## Arithmetic Instructions:

These instructions are used to perform arithmetic operations like addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, etc.

- ▣ **ADD** – Used to add the provided byte to byte/word to word.
- ▣ **ADC** – Used to add with carry.
- ▣ **INC** – Used to increment the provided byte/word by 1.
- ▣ **AAA** – Used to adjust ASCII after addition.
- ▣ **DAA** – Used to adjust the decimal after the addition/subtraction operation.



# BIT MANIPULATION INSTRUCTIONS:

These instructions are used to perform operations where data bits are involved, i.e. operations like logical, shift, etc

- **NOT** – Used to invert each bit of a byte or word.
- **AND** – Used for adding each bit in a byte/word with the corresponding bit in another byte/word.
- **OR** – Used to multiply each bit in a byte/word with the corresponding bit in another byte/word.
- **XOR** – Used to perform Exclusive-OR operation over each bit in a byte/word with the corresponding bit in another byte/word.
- **TEST** – Used to add operands to update flags, without affecting operands.



# String Instructions:

String is a group of bytes/words and their memory is always allocated in a sequential order.

- **REP** – Used to repeat the given instruction till  $CX \neq 0$ .
- **REPE/REPZ** – Used to repeat the given instruction until  $CX = 0$  or zero flag  $ZF = 1$
- **NOT** – Used to invert each bit of a byte or word.
- **AND** – Used for adding each bit in a byte/word with the corresponding bit in another byte/word.
- **OR** – Used to multiply each bit in a byte/word with the corresponding bit in another byte/word.
- **XOR** – Used to perform Exclusive-OR operation over each bit in a byte/word with the corresponding bit in another byte/word.
- **TEST** – Used to add operands to update flags, without affecting operands.



# Program Execution Transfer Instructions (Branch and Loop Instructions)

These instructions are used to transfer/branch the instructions during an execution.

Instructions to transfer the instruction during an execution without any condition –

- ▣ **CALL** – Used to call a procedure and save their return address to the stack.
- ▣ **RET** – Used to return from the procedure to the main program.
- ▣ **JMP** – Used to jump to the provided address to proceed to the next instruction.

Instructions to transfer the instruction during an execution with some conditions –

- ▣ **JA/JNBE** – Used to jump if above/not below/equal instruction satisfies.
- ▣ **JAE/JNB** – Used to jump if above/not below instruction satisfies.
- ▣ **JBE/JNA** – Used to jump if below/equal/ not above instruction satisfies.
- ▣ **JC** – Used to jump if carry flag  $CF = 1$
- ▣ **JE/JZ** – Used to jump if equal/zero flag  $ZF = 1$



# Interrupt Instructions:

These instructions are used to call the interrupt during program execution.

**INT** – Used to interrupt the program during execution and calling service specified.

**INTO** – Used to interrupt the program during execution if  $OF = 1$

**IRET** – Used to return from interrupt service to the main program



