



# **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**

**Coimbatore-35**  
**An Autonomous Institution**

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade  
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai



## **DEPARTMENT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING**

### **19ITB302-Cryptography and Network Security**

**UNIT-3 HASH FUNCTION AND DIGITAL SIGNATURE**



# Simple Hash Functions



## Bit by Bit XOR

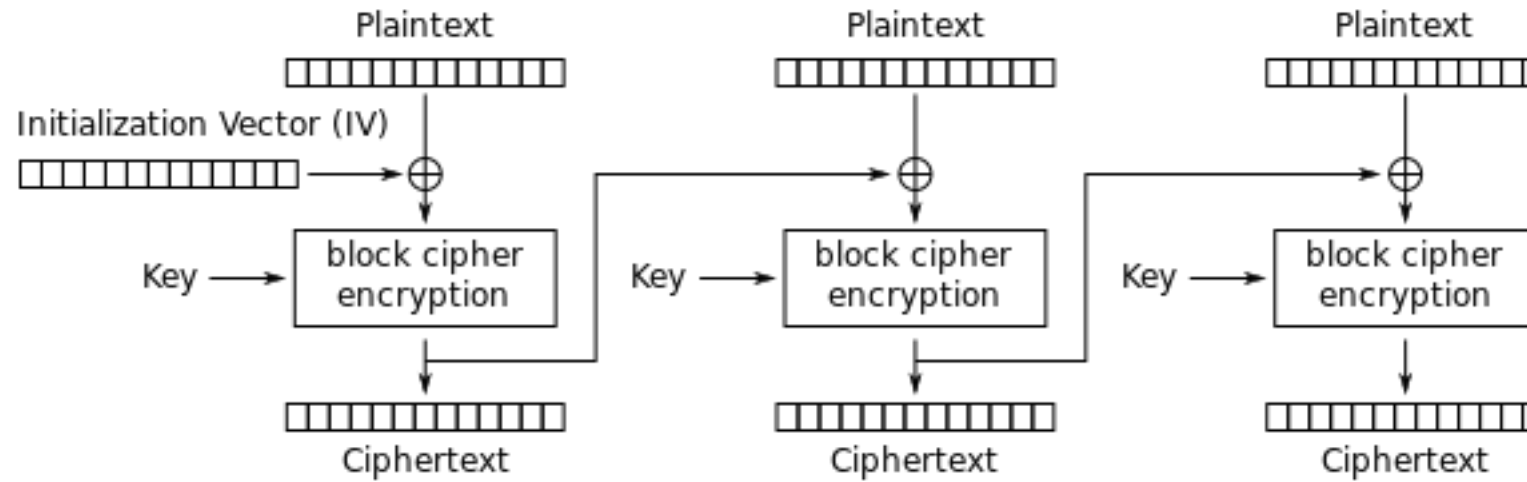
- The input (message, file, etc.) is viewed as a sequence of n-bit blocks. The input is processed one block at a time in an iterative fashion to produce an n-bit hash function.
- One of the simplest hash functions is the bit-by-bit exclusive-OR (XOR) of every block. This can be expressed as
- $C_i = b_{i1} \oplus b_{i2} \oplus \dots \oplus b_{im}$



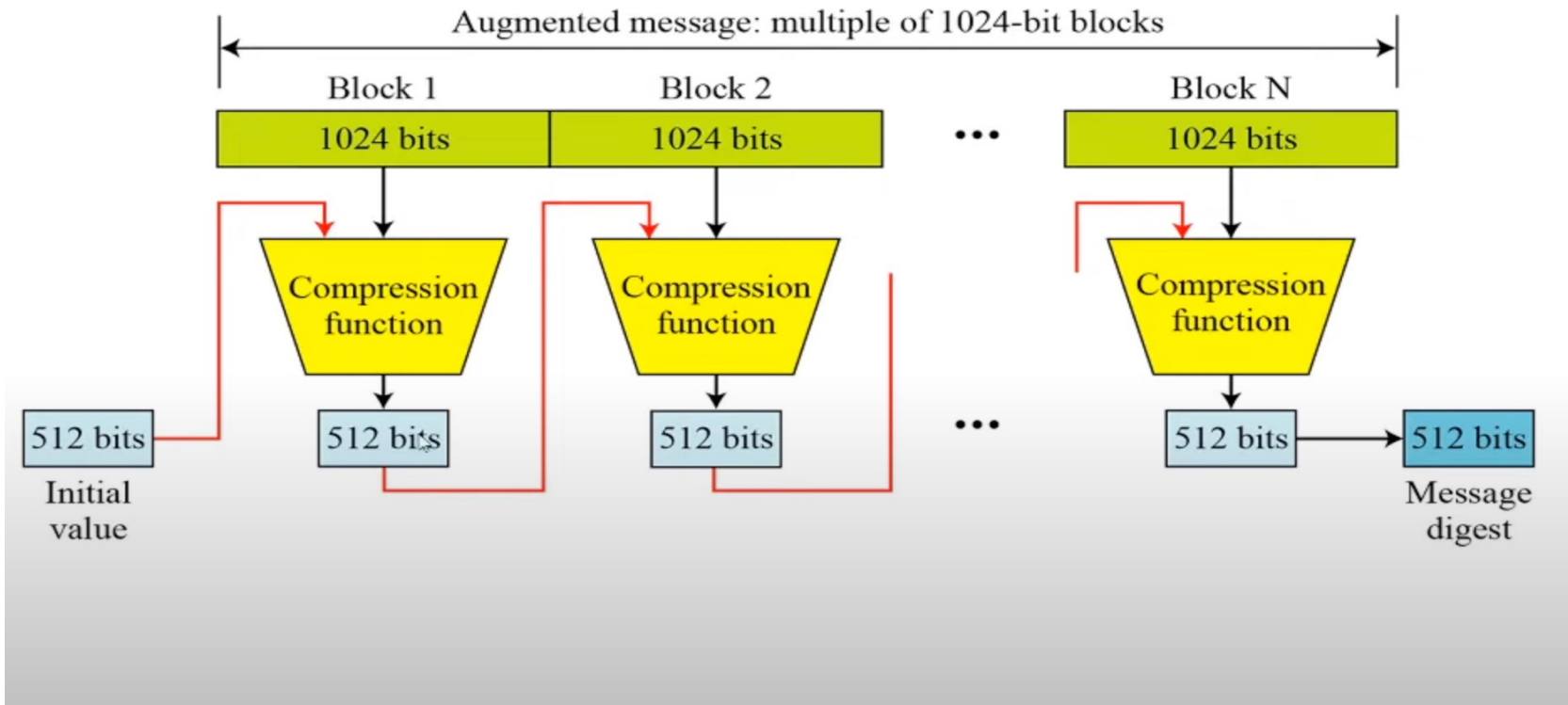
# Hash Function based on CBC

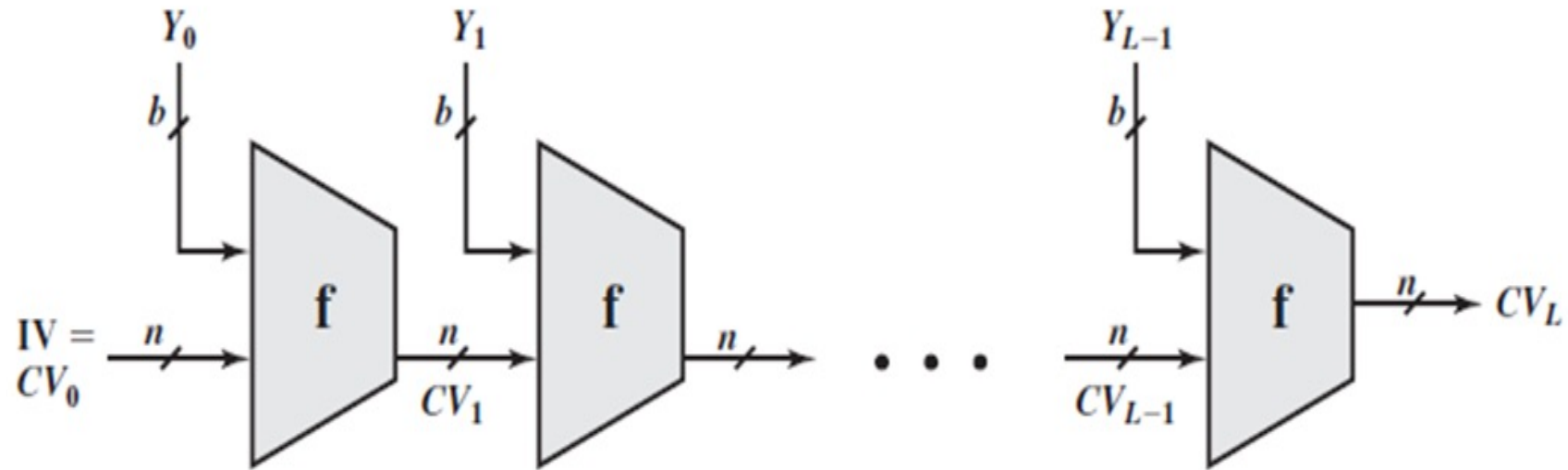


## Cipher Block Chain



Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode encryption





IV = Initial value  
 $CV_i$  = Chaining variable  
 $Y_i$  =  $i$ th input block  
 $f$  = Compression algorithm

$L$  = Number of input blocks  
 $n$  = Length of hash code  
 $b$  = Length of input block