# **Boats and Streams**





**Q 1.** A person can swim in water with a speed of 13 km/hr in still water. If the speed of the stream is 4 km/hr, what will be the time taken by the person to go 68 km downstream?

- 1. 2.5 hours
- 2. 3 hours
- 3. 4 hours
- 4. 3.5 hours
- 5. 4.5 hours

## Answer: (3) 4 hours

### Solution:

Downstream Speed = (13+4) km/hr = 17 km/hr

To travel 68 km downstream.

Time taken = 68/17 = 4 hours

**Q 2.** In one hour, a boat goes 13 km/hr in the direction of the stream and 7 km/hr against the direction of the stream. What will be the speed of the boat in still water?

- 1. 8 km/hr
- 2. 10 km/hr
- 3. 14 km/hr
- 4. 6 km/hr
- 5. Cannot Be Determined

#### Answer: (2) 10 km/hr Solution:

According to the formula,

Speed of a boat in still water =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (Downstream Speed + Upstream Speed) Speed of boat in still water =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (13+7) =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 20 = 10$  km/hr

 $\hat{\mathbf{Q}}$  3. A woman can row upstream at 16 km/hr and downstream at 26 km/hr. What is the speed of the stream?

- 1. 5 km/hr
- 2. 2 km/hr
- 3. 4.5 km/hr
- 4. 21 km/hr
- 5. 12 km/hr

# Answer: (1) 5km/hr

### Solution:

According to the formula,

Speed of the stream =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (Downstream Speed – Upstream Speed) Speed of the stream =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (26-16) =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$  km/hr Q 4. A speedboat, whose speed in 15 km/hr in still water goes 30 km downstream and comes back in a total of 4 hours 30 minutes. What is the

speed of the stream in km/hr?

- 1. 2.5 km/hr
- 2. 3.5 km/hr
- 3. 4 km/hr
- 4. 5 km/hr
- 5. 3.25 km/hr

### Answer: (4) 5 km/hr

#### Solution:

Let the speed of the stream be x km/hr Upstream Speed = 15 + xDownstream Speed = 15 - xSo,  $\{30 / (15+x)\} + \{30 / (15-x)\} = 4\frac{1}{2}$  (4 hours 30 minutes)  $\Rightarrow \{900 / (225-x2)\} = 9/2$   $\Rightarrow 9x^2 = 225$   $\Rightarrow x^2 = 25$  $\Rightarrow x = 5$ 

**Q 5.** A boat is moving 2 km against the current of the stream in 1 hour and moves 1 km in the direction of the current in 10 minutes. How long will it take the boat to go 5 km in stationary water?

- 1. 1 hr 20 minutes
- 2. 1 hr 30 minutes
- 3. 1 hr 15 minutes
- 4. 30 minutes
- 5. 45 minutes

# Answer: (3) 1 hr 15 minutes

#### Solution:

Downstream =  $(1/10 \times 60) = 6$  km/hr

Upstream = 2 km/hr

Speed in still water =  $\frac{1}{2}(6+2) = 4$  km/hr

So, the time is taken by the boat to go 5km in stationary water = 5/4 hrs =  $1 \frac{1}{4}$  hrs = 1 hr 15 minutes