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#### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS UNIT-IV APPLICATION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

TYPE-D VIBRATING STRING WITH NON-ZERD IN MAL VELOCITY. The initial and boundary colors of you, t) are: (i) y(0, 1)=0 (ii) y(1,E) = 0(iii) y (x, 0)= 0 (iv)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial F}(x, 0) = -\frac{1}{2}(x)$ of a string of length '1' is petially at sent in its con a constitution position and each of its pla is go, a velocity 'V' such that. V = SCN, exa < 1/2 Find the displacement ((1.a), 1/2 < 21 < 1. of y (x, t) at any time 't'. Boln: The boundary colors are (+) y (0, E) = 0, E≥0 (ii) y(1, E)= 0 (ii) y(x, 0) = 0 (x, 0) = 0 (x, 0) = 1 (x, 0) = 1y (a,t) = (A cospa+ B simpa) (c cospat+ D sim pat) - () The suitable egn is

19MAT201/Transforms & Partial Differential Equations



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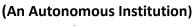
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### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS UNIT-IV APPLICATION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

Apply (i) & (b),  

$$y(o, t) = A (c \cos pat + D \sin pat)$$
  
 $0 = A (c G a pat + D \sin pat)$   
 $\Rightarrow A = 0$  Auch  $A = 0$  in (D),  $y(n, t) = B \sin px [C \cos pat + D \sin pat]$   
 $\Rightarrow A = 0$  Auch  $A = 0$  in (D),  $y(n, t) = B \sin px [C \cos pat + D \sin pat]$   
 $y(d, t) = B \sin pd [C \cos pat + D \sin pat]$   
 $0 = B \sin pd [C \cos pat + D \sin pat]$   
 $B \pm 0$  Simpl = 0  
 $p = \frac{\pi i}{L}$   
Sub th (D),  $y(x, t) = B \sin n\pi x [C \cos n\pi at + D \sin n\pi i at] = (D)$   
Apply (ini) in (D).  
 $y(n, o) = B \sin n\pi x [C]$   
 $0 = Bc \sin n\pi i x [C]$   
 $0 = Bc \sin n\pi i x .$   
 $B \pm 0, c = 0$   
Sub  $c = 0$  in (D)  
 $y(x, t) = (B \sin n\pi i x) (D \sin n\pi at) = (D)$   
 $y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n x in \pi i x \sin n\pi at = (D)$ 







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#### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS UNIT-IV APPLICATION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

Apply (IN) in (D)  $\frac{\partial Y}{\partial t}(s,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cos \frac{m\pi}{2} at \left(\frac{n\pi}{2}a\right)$  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}(x, \sigma) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{\pi n}{\sigma} x \left(\frac{n\pi}{\sigma} a\right)$ Bo= 2 J gear sen milada. Where Co= (nil a) Bo  $=\frac{2}{2}\left[\int_{0}^{\sqrt{2}} c_{x} s_{n}^{x} n \overline{n} \overline{n} z dx + \int_{0}^{1} c(l-z) s_{n}^{x} n \overline{n} \overline{n} z dx\right] = \frac{4cl}{n^{2}n^{2}} s_{n}^{x} dx$   $\frac{4cl}{\sqrt{2}} B_{n} = \frac{\sqrt{l}}{n^{2}n} \frac{4cl}{\sqrt{n}n} s_{n}^{x} dx$  $B_{n} = \frac{2C}{n\pi a} \left( \frac{2 \sin n\pi a}{(n\pi i/a)} \right) = \frac{4l^{2}c}{n^{3}\pi^{3}a} \left( \frac{\sin n\pi a}{1} \right)^{\alpha}$   $B_{n} = \frac{2C}{n\pi a} \left( \frac{2 \sin n\pi a}{(n\pi i/a)} \right) = \frac{4l^{2}c}{n^{3}\pi^{3}a} \left( \frac{\sin n\pi a}{1} \right)^{\alpha}$   $B_{n} = \frac{2C}{n\pi a} \left( \frac{4l^{2}c}{n^{3}\pi^{3}a} - \frac{\sin n\pi a}{1} \right) = \frac{4l^{2}c}{n^{3}\pi^{3}a} \left( \frac{\sin n\pi a}{1} \right)^{\alpha}$ 





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### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS UNIT-IV & PPLICATION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

Twibnating sking with non zero velocity ]  
By a shing of length 1 is initially at rest in equilibrium  
persition & each pt of it is generated by 
$$\left(\frac{2iy}{2t}\right) = \frac{y}{2} \sin^{2} \pi \frac{y}{2}$$
  
Qetermine the bangenerie displacement  $y$  to  $t$ .)  
Solution  $\frac{2}{2}$  Applying (D. ADS (Bi)) boundary cellon. we expt  
 $\frac{2i}{2}$  Applying (D. ADS (Bi)) boundary cellon. we expt  
 $\frac{2i}{2}$  ( $x_{i}$ ,  $t$ ) =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\sin^{2} \pi x$  sin  $\pi \pi x$   
 $\frac{2i}{2}$  ( $x_{i}$ ,  $t$ ) =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\sin^{2} \pi x$  sin  $\pi \pi x$   
 $\frac{2i}{2}$  ( $x_{i}$ ,  $t$ ) =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\sin^{2} \pi x$  sin  $\pi \pi x$   
 $\sqrt{2} \sin^{2} \pi x$  =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\sin^{2} \pi x$  sin  $\pi \pi x$   
 $\sqrt{2} \sin^{2} \pi x$  =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  sin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$ .  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$   
 $\sqrt{2} \sin^{2} \pi x$  =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  sin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$ .  
 $\sqrt{2} \sin^{2} \pi x$  =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  sin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$ .  
 $\sqrt{2} \sin^{2} \pi x$  =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  sin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$ .  
 $\sqrt{2} \sin^{2} \pi x$  =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  sin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$ .  
 $\sqrt{2} \sin^{2} \pi x$  =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  sin  $\frac{\pi x}{1}$ .  
 $\sqrt{2} \sin^{2} \pi x$  sin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  =  $\frac{2}{2}$  Bin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  sin  $\frac{\pi x}{1}$ .  
 $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  =  $\frac{2}{3}$  Bin  $\frac{\pi \pi x}{1}$  sin  $\frac{\pi x}{1}$ .  
 $B_{2} = 0$ .  
 $B_{2} = \frac{2\pi \pi x}{1}$  =  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$   $\Rightarrow$   $B_{3} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$   
 $B_{3} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$   $\Rightarrow$   $B_{3} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$   
 $B_{4} = 0$   
 $a_{1}$   $B_{n} = 0$  for  $n \neq 1, 3$ .  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  ( $m, t$ ) =  $\frac{3}{4}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{12}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{12}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{12}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{12}$   $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1$