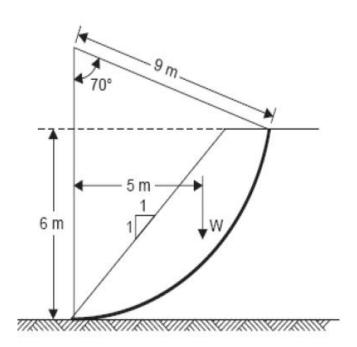
Student Worksheet – 2 Infinite Slope

A long Natural slope cohesion less (sandy soil) is inclined at 12 ° to the horizontal. Determine the factor of safety of the slope. If the slope is completely submerged, what will be the change in the factor of safety? $here \ \phi = 30^{\circ}$, $\gamma_{rat} = 19.5 \ KN/m^3$

Student Worksheet – 3 Fellenius Method

1. An embankment shown in Fig made of cohesive so $\phi = 0$ and c = 30 kN/m². The unit weight of soil is 18 kN/m³. Determine the factor of safety against sliding along the trial circle. The weight of the sliding mass is 360 kN acting at an eccentricity of 5.0 m from the centre of rotation. Assume that no tension crack develops. The central angle is 70°



2. An embankment 10 m high is inclined at 35 to the horizontal. A stability analysis by the method of slices gave the following forces: $\Sigma N = 900 \text{kN}$, $\Sigma T = 420 \text{kN}$, $\Sigma U = 200 \text{kN}$. If the length of the failure arc is 23.0 m, find the factor of safety. The soil has c = $20 \text{kN} / \text{m}^2$ and $\Phi = 15^\circ$.

Student's Worksheet – 4

Taylor's Stability Number

A new canal is excavated to a depth of 5 m below ground level through a soil having the following characteristics: $C = 14 \text{ kN/m}^2$; $\Phi = 15^\circ$; e = 0.8 and G = 2.70. The slope of banks is 1 in 1. Calculate the factor of safety with respect to cohesion when the canal runs full. If it is suddenly and completely emptied, what will be the factor of safety?

Student's Worksheet - 5

Methods of Improving Slope Stability

Analyse the Given Case Study and Give your Inference.

Student's Worksheet - 6

Methods of Improving Slope Stability

Compare the Various Methods of Improving Slope Stability

Method	Drainage	Earthwork	Structural Improvements