

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A++' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

19ECB231 DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

II YEAR/ III SEMESTER

UNIT-IV DESIGN OF SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS

Topic 9- Introduction to Hazards – Static and Dynamic



IDENTIFY THE TOPIC





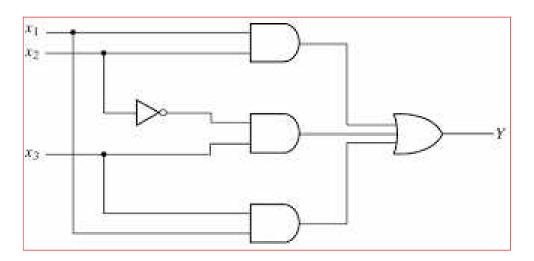


Hazards



•The unwanted switching transient occur in a digital circuit is called hazard.

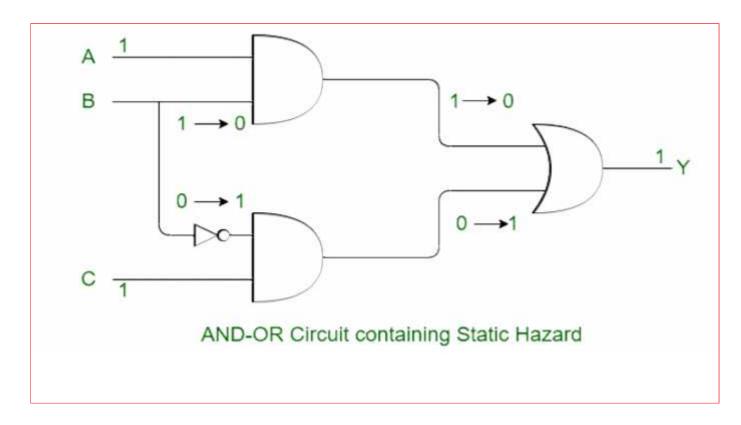
Eg: Consider a logic circuit, which is expected to give a logic -1 output, momentarily becomes logic o because of finite propagation delays of various gates.





Hazards in Combinational Logic Circuits







Classification of Hazards



Hazards are classified into three types:

- 1. Static hazard
- a) Static -1 Hazard
- b) Static -0 hazard
- 2. Dynamic Hazard
- 3. Essential Hazard

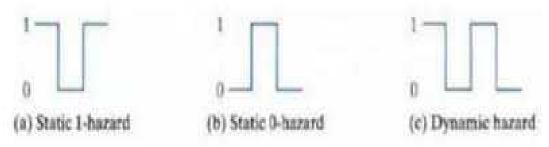


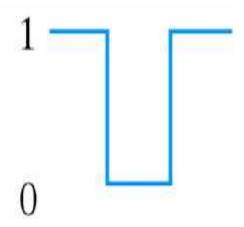
Fig: Types of hazards



Static - 1 Hazard



In response to an input change and for some combination of propagation delays, a logic circuit may go to 0 when it should remain constant 1, this transient is called static-1 hazard

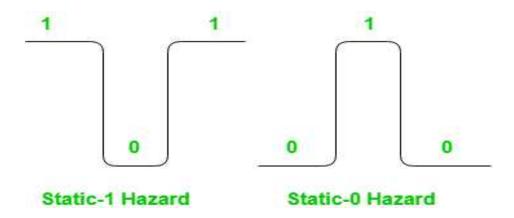




Static - 0 Hazard



In response to an input change and for some combination of propagation delays, a logic circuit may go to 1 when it should remain constant at o, this transient is called Static-0 hazard

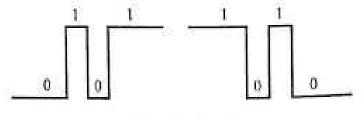




Dynamic Hazard



When the output of logic circuit is changed from 0 to 1 and 1 to 0. These two outputs may change more number of times, this transient is called dynamic hazard.

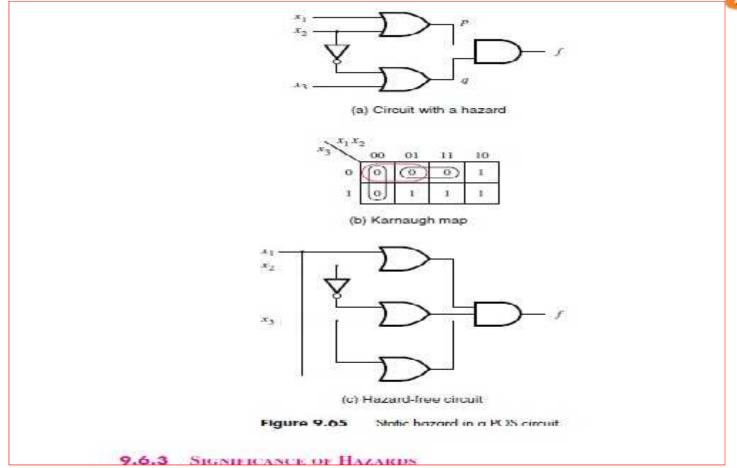


(c) Dynamic hazards



Prevention of Hazards in Logic gates



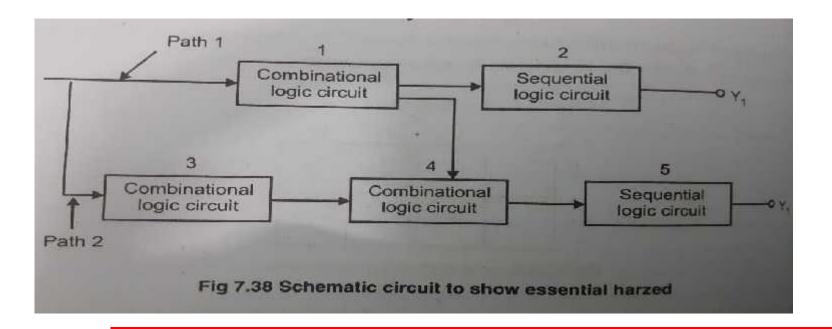




Essential Hazards



The static and dynamic hazards can occur in combinational as well as sequential logic circuits. Essential hazards occur in sequential circuits only







THANK YOU