

Q. A tightly stretched string with fixed end points $x=0$ and $x=l$ is initially in a position given by $y(x, 0) = y_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{l}$. If it is released from rest from this position, then find the displacement.

Soln.

The wave is $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$

The boundary conditions are

i). $y(0, t) = 0, \forall t$

ii). $y(l, t) = 0, \forall t$

iii). $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} y(x, 0) = 0, \forall x$

iv). $y(x, 0) = y_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{l}$

The suitable solution is,

$$y(x, t) = (A \cos px + B \sin px) (C \cos pat + D \sin pat) \rightarrow (1)$$

Applying (i) in (1), we get

$$y(0, t) = 0$$

$$(A(1) + B(0)) (C \cos pat + D \sin pat) = 0$$

$$A (C \cos pat + D \sin pat) = 0$$

$$C \cos pat + D \sin pat \neq 0 \quad (\text{It is a fn. of } 't')$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{A=0}$$

Subs. $A=0$ in (1),

$$y(x, z) = B \sin Px (C \cos Pat + D \sin Pat) \rightarrow (2)$$

Applying ii) in (2),

$$y(l, z) = 0$$

$$B \sin Pl (C \cos Pat + D \sin Pat) = 0$$

$B \neq 0$ (If $B=0$, we get a trivial soln.)

$C \cos Pat + D \sin Pat \neq 0$ (\because it is a fn. of 't')

$$\Rightarrow \sin Pl = 0$$

$$Pl = n\pi$$

$$\boxed{P = \frac{n\pi}{l}}$$

Subs. $P = \frac{n\pi}{l}$ in (2),

$$y(x, z) = B \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \left[C \cos \frac{n\pi z}{l} + D \sin \frac{n\pi z}{l} \right] \rightarrow (3)$$

Before applying iii), differentiate partially (3) w.r. to 'z'

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} y(x, z) = B \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \left[-C \sin \frac{n\pi z}{l} \left(\frac{n\pi}{l} \right) + D \cos \frac{n\pi z}{l} \left(\frac{n\pi}{l} \right) \right]$$

Applying condition iii), we get

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} y(x, 0) = 0$$

$$B \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \left[0 + \frac{n\pi}{l} D \right] = 0$$

$$B D \frac{n\pi}{l} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} = 0$$

Here $B \neq 0$ [If $B=0$, we get a trivial soln.]

$\sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \neq 0$ (\because it is a fn. of x)

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{D=0}$$

Subs. $D=0$ in (3),

$$y(x, t) = B \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \left(C \cos \frac{n\pi at}{l} \right)$$

$$= BC \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{n\pi at}{l}$$

$$y(x, t) = B_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{n\pi at}{l}$$

The most general soln. is,

$$y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{n\pi at}{l} \rightarrow (4)$$

Applying condition iv) in (4), we get

$$y(x, 0) = y_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{l}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} = \frac{y_0}{4} \left[3 \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} - \sin \frac{3\pi x}{l} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow B_1 \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} + B_2 \sin \frac{2\pi x}{l} + B_3 \sin \frac{3\pi x}{l} + \dots$$

$$= \frac{3y_0}{4} \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} - \frac{y_0}{4} \sin \frac{3\pi x}{l}$$

Equating the like coefficients, we get

$$B_1 = \frac{3y_0}{4} ; B_2 = 0 ; B_3 = -\frac{y_0}{4} ; B_4 = B_5 = \dots = 0$$

Subs. the above values in (4),

$$y(x, t) = \frac{3y_0}{4} \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{\pi at}{l} - \frac{y_0}{4} \sin \frac{3\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{3\pi at}{l}$$

Hwo II. Displacing position
 $y(x, 0) = k \sin \frac{3\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{2\pi at}{l}$

2]. A sinusoidal arc of height y_0

$$\rightarrow y_0 \sin \frac{\pi x}{l}$$

TYPE-II

Problems based on vibrating string with non-zero initial velocity:

J. A tightly stretched string with fixed end points $x=0$ and $x=l$ is initially at rest in its equilibrium position. If it is set vibrating giving each point a velocity $\lambda x(l-x)$. ~~Show that~~ ^{Find the} displacement.

Soln.:

The wave is

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$$

The boundary conditions are,

i). $y(0, t) = 0, \quad \forall t$

ii). $y(l, t) = 0, \quad \forall t$

iii). $y(x, 0) = 0, \quad \forall x$

iv). $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} y(x, 0) = \lambda x(l-x)$

The suitable solution is,

$$y(x, t) = (A \cos px + B \sin px) (C \cos pat + D \sin pat) \quad \rightarrow (1)$$

Applying condn. (i) in (1), we get

$$y(0, t) = 0$$

$$(A(1) + B(0)) (C \cos pat + D \sin pat) = 0$$

$$A (C \cos pat + D \sin pat) = 0$$

Here $C \cos pat + D \sin pat \neq 0$ ($\because t$ is a fn. of 't')

$$\boxed{A = 0}$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow y(x, t) = B \sin px (C \cos pat + D \sin pat) \rightarrow (2)$$

Applying condn. (ii) in (2), we get

$$y(l, t) = 0$$

$$B \sin pl (c \cos pat + d \sin pat) = 0$$

Here $c \cos pat + d \sin pat \neq 0$ ($\because t$ is a fn. of t)

and $B \neq 0$ (If $B = 0$, then we get a trivial soln.)

$$\Rightarrow \sin pl = 0$$

$$pl = n\pi$$

$$p = \frac{n\pi}{l}$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow y(x, t) = B \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \left(c \cos \frac{n\pi at}{l} + d \sin \frac{n\pi at}{l} \right)$$

Applying condn. (iii) in (3),

$\rightarrow (3)$

$$y(x, 0) = 0$$

$$B \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} (c(1) + d(0)) = 0$$

$$B c \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} = 0$$

Here $B \neq 0$ (Already explained)

$$\sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \neq 0$$

$$c = 0$$

$$(3) \Rightarrow y(x, t) = B \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \left[0 + d \sin \frac{n\pi at}{l} \right]$$

$$= B d \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \sin \frac{n\pi at}{l}$$

$$= B \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \sin \frac{n\pi at}{l} \quad \text{where}$$

$$B = B d$$

The most general soln. is,

$$y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \sin \frac{n\pi at}{l} \rightarrow (4)$$

Before applying condn. (iv), differentiate (4) partially w.r. to t , we get

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{n\pi at}{l} \left(\frac{n\pi a}{l} \right)$$

Applying condn. (iv)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} y(x, 0) = \lambda x(l-x)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \left(\frac{n\pi a}{l} \right) = \lambda (lx - x^2)$$

HRSS $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} = \lambda (lx - x^2)$ where $b_n = B_n \left(\frac{n\pi a}{l} \right)$

To find b_n :

$$b_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \lambda (lx - x^2) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\lambda}{l} \int_0^l (lx - x^2) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\lambda}{l} \left[(lx - x^2) \left(\frac{-\cos \frac{n\pi x}{l}}{n\pi/l} \right) - (l-2x) \left(\frac{-\sin \frac{n\pi x}{l}}{n^2 \pi^2 / l^2} \right) \right. \right.$$

$$\left. + (-2) \left(\frac{\cos \frac{n\pi x}{l}}{n^3 \pi^3 / l^3} \right) \right]_0^l$$

$$= \frac{2\lambda}{l} \left[\frac{-l}{n\pi} (lx - x^2) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l} + \frac{l^2}{n^2 \pi^2} (l-2x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{2l^3}{n^3 \pi^3} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l} \right]_0^l$$

$$= \frac{2\lambda}{l} \left[\left(0 - 0 - \frac{2\lambda l^3}{n^3 \pi^3} (-1)^n \right) - \left(0 - 0 - \frac{2\lambda l^3}{n^3 \pi^3} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2\lambda}{l} \left[-\frac{2\lambda l^3}{n^3 \pi^3} (-1)^n + \frac{2\lambda l^3}{n^3 \pi^3} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2\lambda}{l} \frac{2\lambda l^3}{n^3 \pi^3} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$b_n = \frac{4\lambda l^2}{n^3 \pi^3} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$B_n \frac{n\pi a}{l} = \frac{4\lambda l^2}{n^3 \pi^3} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$B_n = \frac{l}{n\pi a} \frac{4\lambda l^2}{n^3 \pi^3} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$= \frac{4\lambda l^3}{n^4 \pi^4 a} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$B_n = \begin{cases} \frac{8\lambda l^3}{n^4 \pi^4 a}, & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \\ 0, & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

$$(f) \Rightarrow y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \sin \frac{n\pi at}{l}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{8\lambda l^3}{n^4 \pi^4 a} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \sin \frac{n\pi at}{l}$$

$$= \frac{8\lambda l^3}{\pi^4 a} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \sin \frac{n\pi at}{l}$$