

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



An Autonomous Institution Coimbatore-35

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

19ECB301-ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

III YEAR/ V SEMESTER

UNIT 4 – DIGITAL MODULATION TECHNIQUES

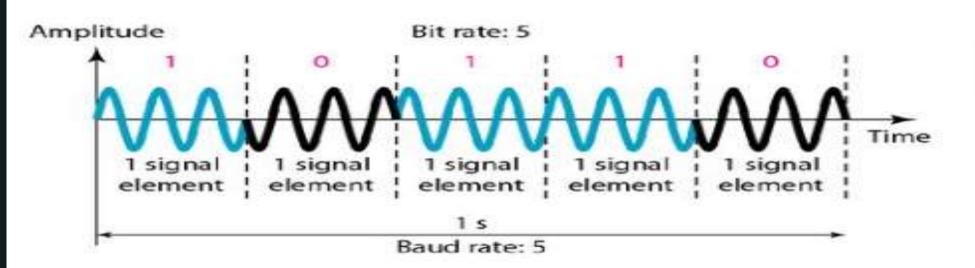
TOPIC - Phase Shift Keying (PSK)

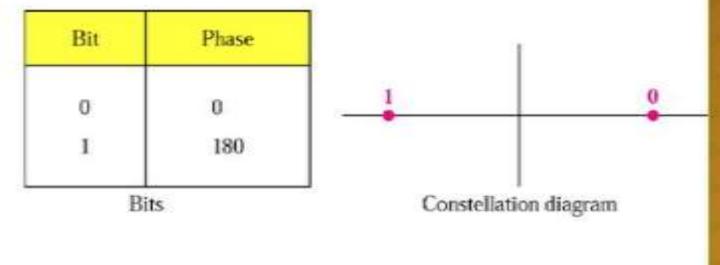




PHASE SHIFT KEYING

In binary PSK, we have only two signal elements: one <a>o with a phase of 0°, and the other with a phase of 180°.









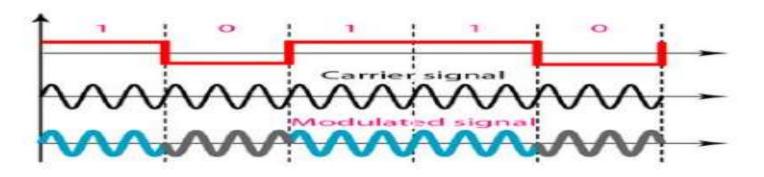
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BANDWIDTH OF BINARY PSK

PSK is less susceptible to noise than ASK.

PSK is superior to FSK because we do not need two
carrier signals.

the signal element with phase 180° can be seen as the complement of the signal element with phase 0°.







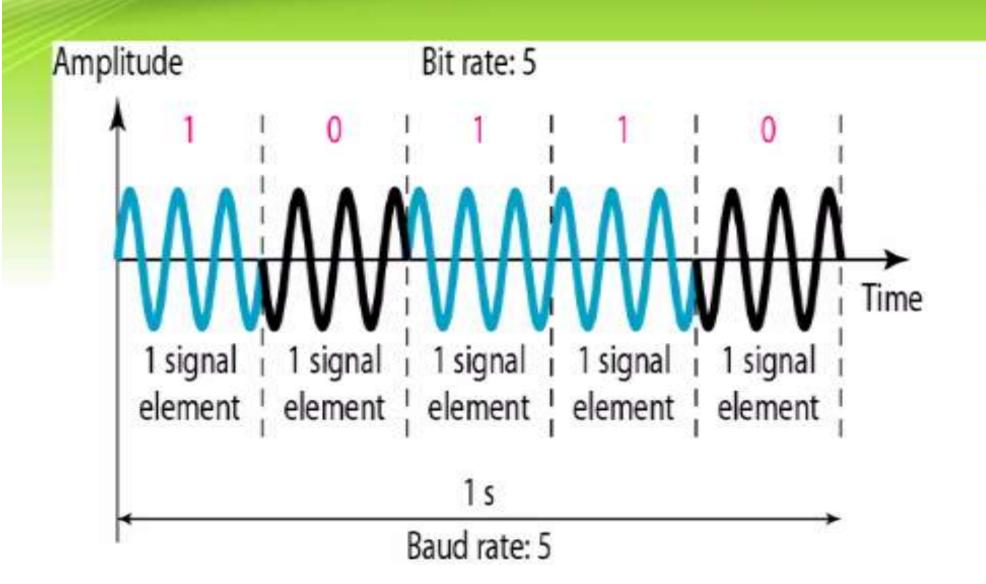
Introduction

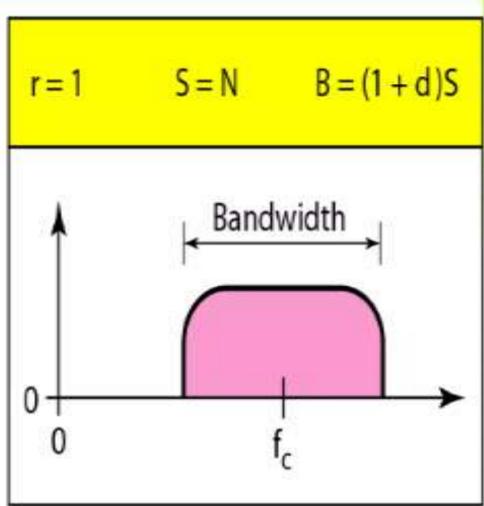
- Phase-shift keying (PSK) is a method of digital communication in which the phase of a transmitted signal is varied to convey information.
- There are several methods that can be used to accomplish PSK.
- A digital modulation scheme that conveys data by chang ing the phase of a carrier wave.
- It can either determine the absolute phase relative to the unm odulated carrier or reference signal or the change in pha se.
- The number of different phases used determines the amount of data th at can be transmitted in each cycle.





Binary phase shift keying implementation







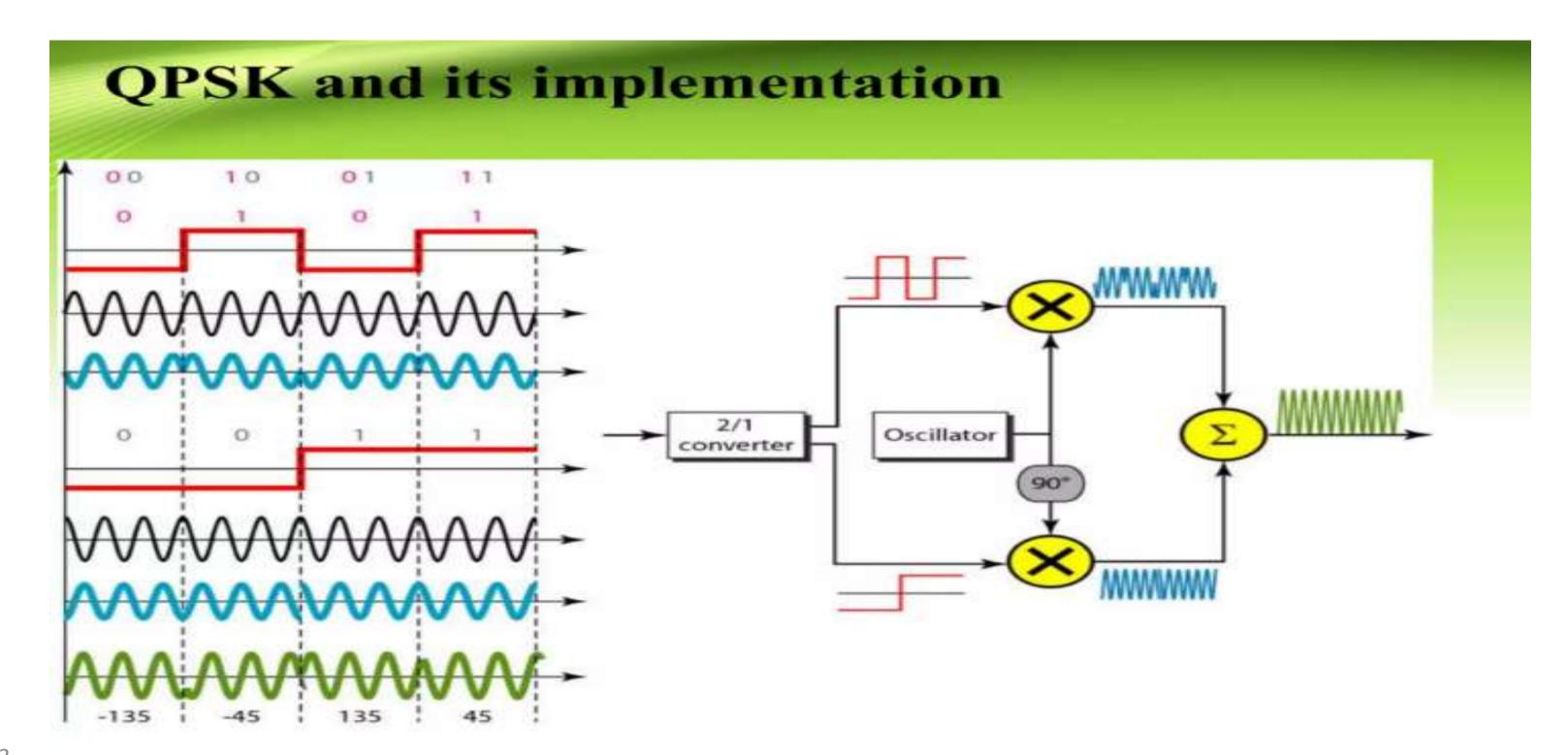


Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK)

- To increase the bit rate, we can code 2 or more bits onto one signal element.
- In QPSK, we parallelize the bit stream so that every two incoming bits are split up and PSK a carrier frequency.
 One carrier frequency is phase shifted 90° from the other in quadrature.
- The two PSK signals are then added to produce one of 4 signal elements.











Three constellation diagrams One of the property of the prope





Advantages

- It allows data to be carried along a radio communications signal much more efficiently than with frequent shift keying.
- Quadrature phase shift keying is another form of data transport where four phase states are used, all within 90 degrees of one another.





Disadvantages

- It is non-coherent reference signal.
- It produces more incorrect demodulations because the error can integrate with time since the reference signal for demodulation is not fixed.





Applications

- Optical communications
- Local oscillator
- Delay-and-add demodulator
- Nonlinear effects for WDM-transmission
- Multi-channel WDM





THANK YOU