

Steps for Design of shear reinforcement

Given, load, l , material, P_{sv}

Procedure:

(a) Calculate shear force (V_u) at the critical section of the beam

(b) Determine nominal stress $\tau_v = \frac{V_u}{bd}$

(c) Find τ_c

(d) Compare τ_v & τ_{cmax} , if $\tau_v > \tau_{cmax}$ redesign

(e) compare τ_v & τ_c

(i) If $\tau_v < \tau_c \rightarrow$ Nominal shear reinforcement is to be provided in the form of vertical stirrups

The spacing of vertical stirrups is given by, $\frac{P_{sv}}{b s_v} \geq \frac{0.4}{0.87 f_y}$, $\frac{b s_v}{P_{sv}} = \frac{0.87 f_y}{0.4}$, $s_v = \frac{0.87 f_y P_{sv}}{0.4 b}$

(ii) If $\tau_v > \tau_c$ - shear reinforcement is to be designed as follows

• calculate $V_{us} = V_u - \tau_c b d$

• If vertical stirrups are provided then

their spacing, $V_{us} = \frac{0.87 f_y \cdot P_{sv} \cdot d}{s_v}$

• If bent up bars are used, spacing,

$$V_{us} = 0.87 f_y P_{sv} \cdot \sin \alpha$$

(3) Spacing of stirrups $\neq 0.75d$ or 300mm which ever is less

(4) The spacing of stirrups can be varied along the length of the beam by calculating the distance from the supports up to which

Shear reinforcement is to be designed & in rest of the length min shear reinf. may provided.

1) An R.C.C. Beam $300 \times 600 \text{ mm}$ in section is reinforced with 5- 25 mm ϕ bars (effective) it is subjected to a design shear force of 200 kN .

Use M20 & Fe415

Given $b = 300 \text{ mm}$, $d = 600 \text{ mm}$

$$V_u = 200 \times 10^3 \text{ N}, A_{st} = 5 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times 25^2 = 2454.3 \text{ mm}^2$$

Step 1 Nominal shear stress, $\tau_v = \frac{V_u}{bd}$

$$= \frac{200 \times 10^3}{300 \times 600}$$

For M20 -

$$\tau_v = 1.11 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

From Table 20 of IS 456, M20

$$\tau_{c \text{ max}} = 2.18 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$\therefore \tau_v < \tau_{c \text{ max}}$ hence OK.

Step 2 Design shear strength of con τ_c

% of steel, $P_t = \frac{100 A_{st}}{bd} = \frac{100 \times 2454.3}{300 \times 600}$

$$P_t = 1.36\%$$

From Table 19 of IS 456, $P_t = 1.36\%$

$$1.25 = 0.67$$

$$1.5 = 0.72$$

$$= 0.67$$

$$= 0.67 + \frac{0.72 - 0.67}{1.5 - 1.25} [1.36 - 1.25]$$

$$\tau_c = 0.69 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$\therefore \tau_v < \tau_c$, hence shear design is not req.

but nominal reinforcement is to be provided

A simply supported R.C.C beam 250mm wide & 450mm deep is reinforced with 4-18mm of bars. Design the shear reinforcement if beam is subjected to a shear force of 150 kN at .

Given $b = 250\text{mm}$, $d = 450\text{mm}$

$$A_{st} = 4 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times 18^2 = 1018\text{mm}^2$$

$$V = 150 \times 10^3\text{N}$$

(i) Factored shear force (V_u) = 1.5×150
 $= 225\text{kN}$

(ii) Nominal shear stress (τ_v)

$$\tau_v = \frac{V_u}{bd} = \frac{225000}{250 \times 450}$$

$$= 2\text{N/mm}^2$$

$$\tau_{c\text{max}} = 2.8\text{N/mm}^2$$

$$\tau_v < \tau_{c\text{max}}, \text{ hence O.K.}$$

(iii) Design shear strength of con (τ_c)

$$P_t = \frac{100 A_{st}}{bd} = \frac{100 \times 1018}{250 \times 450}$$

$$P_t = 0.91$$

$$\tau_c = 0.56 + \frac{0.62 - 0.56}{1 - 0.75} \left(\frac{0.9 - 0.75}{0.75} \right) \left. \begin{array}{l} 1.0 = 0.62 \\ 0.75 = 0.56 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\tau_c = 0.596\text{N/mm}^2$$

$$\tau_v > \tau_c, \text{ hence shear reinforcement is provided}$$

(iv) Design of shear reinforcement

$$\text{Shear taken by stirrups} = V_{us}$$

$$V_{us} = V_u - \tau_c b d$$

$$= 225000 - 0.546 \times 250 \times 450$$

(15)

$$V_u = 157950 \text{ N}$$

using 8mm ϕ 2 legged stirrups.

$$A_{sv} = 2 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times 8^2 = 100.5 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Spacing of stirrups } S_v = \frac{0.87 f_y A_{sv} \cdot d}{V_u}$$

$$= \frac{0.87 \times 415 \times 100.5 \times 450}{157950}$$

$$S_v = 103 \text{ mm}$$

(v) * Spacing of nominal (min) shear reinforcement

$$S_v = \frac{0.87 f_y A_{st}}{0.4 b}$$

$$= \frac{0.87 \times 415 \times 100.5}{0.4 \times 250}$$

$$S_v = 362 \text{ mm}$$

check for spacing:

spacing of stirrups should be min of the following

(i) $0.75d = 0.75 \times 450 = 337 \text{ mm}$

(ii) 300 mm

(iii) $103 \text{ mm} \approx 100 \text{ mm}$, (iv) 362 mm

provide 2 legged 8mm ϕ stirrups @ 100 mm c/c through the length of the beam.

An R.C.C beam $250\text{mm} \times 400\text{mm}$ eff. is carrying a u.d.l of 15kN/m . The beam is reinforced with a box of 8mm dia. the clear span of 4m . Design the shear $P_s = 1520$ reinforcement use M20 & FC 280

Factored shear stress (V_u) = $w \times \text{load factor}$

Factored load = 15×1.5

$w_u = 22.5\text{ kN/m}$

= 22500 N/m

Factored S.F, $V_u = \frac{w_u l}{2}$

= $\frac{22500 \times 4}{2}$

$V_u = 45000\text{ N}$

Nominal shear stress (τ_v)

$\tau_v = \frac{V_u}{bd} = \frac{45 \times 10^3}{250 \times 400}$

= 0.45 N/mm^2

$\tau_{c \max} = 2.8\text{ N/mm}^2$ (Table 20)

$\tau_v < \tau_{c \max}$ hence o.k

Shear strength of con (τ_c - Table 19)

To calculate τ_c , calculate $P_f = \frac{100 A_{st}}{bd}$

$P_f = \frac{100 \times 1520}{250 \times 400} = 1.5\%$

for $b/f = 1.5$ & M20 con, $\tau_c = 0.72\text{ N/mm}^2$

$\tau_v < \tau_c$, \therefore no shear reinf. is

required. But IS code recommends that nominal shear reinf. must be req.

Nominal shear reinf:

use 8mm 2-legged stirrups

$A_{sv} = 2 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times 8^2 = 100.5\text{ mm}^2$

Spacing of stirrups, $s_v = \frac{0.87 f_y A_{sv}}{0.4b}$

(5)

$$= \frac{0.87 \times 250 \times 100.5}{0.4 \times 250}$$

(16)

$$S_v = 218 \text{ mm say } 210 \text{ mm}$$

check for spacing of stirrups should be least of

following

(i) $0.75d = 0.75 \times 400 = 300 \text{ mm}$

(ii) 300 mm

(iii) $S_v = 210 \text{ mm}$

∴ provide 8mm 2 legged stirrups @ 210mm c/c.

