



Recognition of Token

- Tokens – pattern
- Grammar – branching statement
- if, then, else, relop, id, number ← token name

- Grammar for branching statement →

- Pattern of token

$digit \rightarrow [0-9]$
 $digits \rightarrow digit^+$
 $number \rightarrow digits (. digits)? (E [+ -]? digits)?$
 $letter \rightarrow [A-Za-z]$
 $id \rightarrow letter (letter | digit)^*$
 $if \rightarrow if$
 $then \rightarrow then$
 $else \rightarrow else$
 $relop \rightarrow < | > | <= | >= | = | <>$

$stmt \rightarrow if\ expr\ then\ stmt$
 $\quad | if\ expr\ then\ stmt\ else\ stmt$
 $\quad | \epsilon$
 $expr \rightarrow term\ relop\ term$
 $\quad | term$
 $term \rightarrow id$
 $\quad | number$

- Keyword → if, then, else



i. Tokens, patterns and attribute value

LEXEMES	TOKEN NAME	ATTRIBUTE VALUE
Any <i>ws</i>	-	-
if	if	-
then	then	-
else	else	-
Any <i>id</i>	id	Pointer to table entry
Any <i>number</i>	number	Pointer to table entry
<	relop	LT
<=	relop	LE
=	relop	EQ
>	relop	NE
>=	relop	GT
>=	relop	GE



ii. Transition diagram

- Intermediate step – lexical analyzer
- Patterns → flowchart → Transition Diagram
- Transition Diagram
 - Accepting State
 - Retract forward pointer (* near accepting state))
 - Start state / initial state
 - States → circle
 - Actions → edges

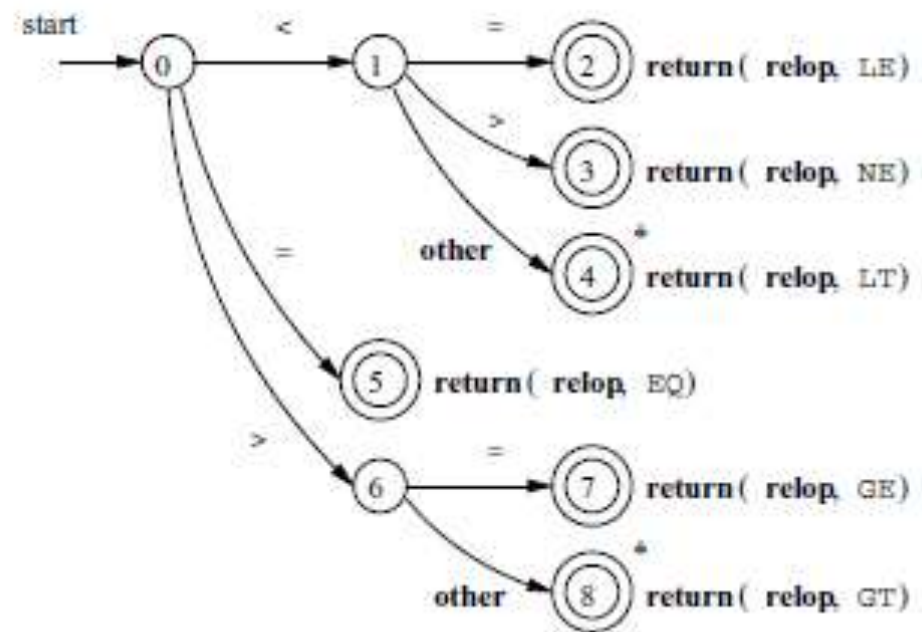


Figure 3.13: Transition diagram for `relop`



iii. Recognition of Reserved words and Identifiers

- Keyword/identifier

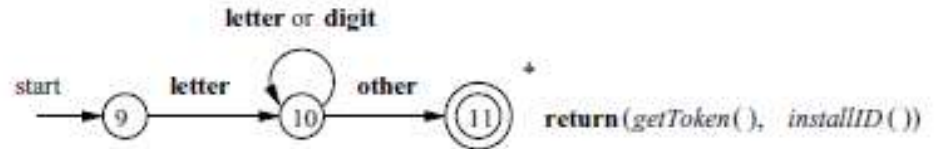


Figure 3.14: A transition diagram for id's and keywords

- Two ways to identify keyword:
 1. Keyword – already –symbol table
 2. Transition diagram → identifier
 - Ex: then, thenextvalue
 - NUM

if	Keyword
then	Keyword
else	Keyword
int	Keyword
NUM	ID,1
thenextvalue	Id,2



iv. Transition diagram for white space

- Ws → White spaces → newline / tab / blank

