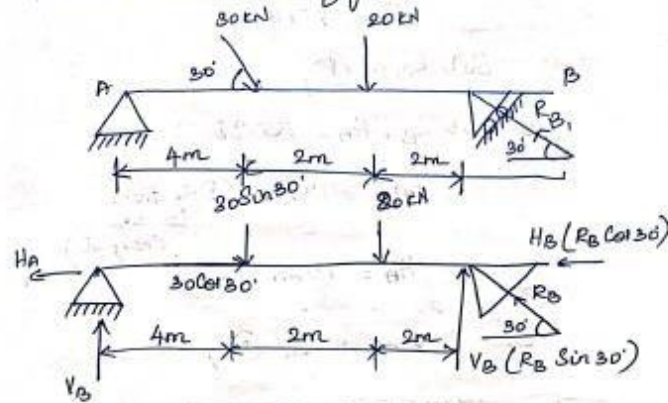




3. Determine the Support reactions of the beam as shown in figure.



* $\sum H = 0 \rightarrow +$

$$30 \cos 30^\circ - H_A - H_B = 0$$

$$30 \cos 30^\circ - H_A - R_B \cos 30^\circ = 0$$

$$0.866 R_B + H_A = 25.98 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

* $\sum V = 0 \uparrow +$

$$V_A + V_B - 30 \sin 30^\circ - 20 = 0$$

$$V_A + R_B \sin 30^\circ - 30 \sin 30^\circ - 20 = 0$$

$$V_A + 0.5 R_B = 35 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

* $\sum M_A = 0 \curvearrowright +$

$$(30 \sin 30^\circ \times 4) + 20 \times 6 - V_B \times 8 = 0$$

$$(30 \sin 30^\circ \times 4) + 120 - R_B \sin 30^\circ \times 8 = 0$$

$$R_B \sin 30^\circ \times 8 = 180$$

$$R_B = 45 \text{ KN}$$

Sub R_B in (1),

$$0.866 R_B + H_A = 25.98$$

$$H_A = -13 \text{ KN} \quad (\text{Direction to be changed})$$

$$H_A = 13 \text{ KN} \quad (\rightarrow)$$

Sub $R_B = 45 \text{ KN}$ in (2),

$$V_A + 0.5 R_B = 35$$

$$V_A = 12.5 \text{ KN} \quad (\uparrow)$$

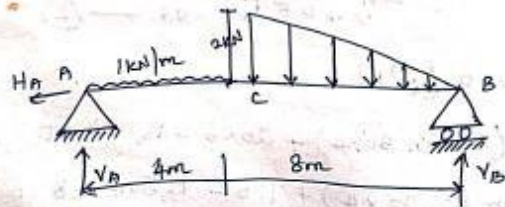
Result:

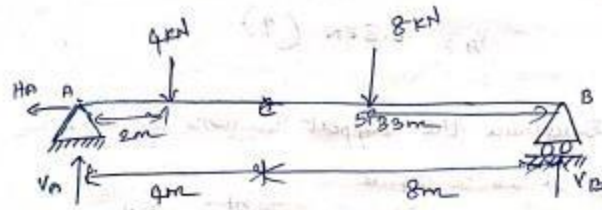
$$H_A = 13 \text{ KN} \quad (\rightarrow)$$

$$V_A = 12.5 \text{ KN} \quad (\uparrow)$$

$$R_B = 45 \text{ KN}$$

4. Calculate the support reactions of a CSB beam shown in figure.





Total downward load of UDL = $1 \times 4 = 4 \text{ kN}$
acts at midpoint

Total downward triangular load acts at centroid $\left(\frac{2}{3} \times 8\right)$
= 8 kN

$$\sum H = 0$$

$$H_A = 0$$

$$\sum V = 0$$

$$V_A + V_B - (1 \times 4) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 2\right) = 0$$

$$\text{or } V_A + V_B - 4 - 8 = 0$$

$$V_A + V_B = 12 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\sum M_A = 0$$

$$(4 \times 2) + (8 \times (12 - 5.33)) - V_B \times 12 = 0$$

$$12 V_B = 8 + 53.36$$

$$V_B = 5.11 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

Sub V_B in (1)

$$V_A + V_B = 12$$

$$V_A = 6.8 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$