SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY, Coimbatore - 641 035







UNIT I- FLUID POWER PRINCIPLES AND HYDRAULIC PUMPS

Introduction Fluid Power, hydraulics and pneumatics, advantages and limitations,

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Fluid Power Definitions Fluid Power

The use of a fluid to transmit power from one location to another

Hydraulics

The use of a *liquid* flowing under pressure to transmit power from one location to another

Pneumatics

The use of a gas flowing under pressure to transmit power from one location to another





Advantages of Fluid Power

- Multiplication & variation of force
- Easy, accurate control
- One power source controls many operations
- High power / low weight ratio
- Low speed torque
- Constant force and torque
- Safe in hazardous environments



Basic Fluid Power Components

Reservoir / Receiver

Stores fluid

Fluid Conductors

 Pipe, tube, or hose that allows for flow between components

Pump / Compressor

Converts mechanical power to fluid power

Valve

Controls direction and amount of flow

Actuators

Converts fluid power to mechanical power





Fluid Power Examples

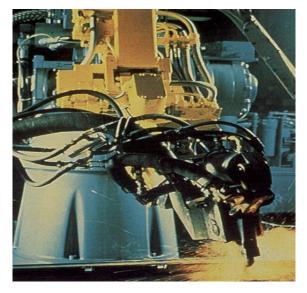












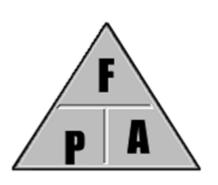
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Fluid Power Principles Definition of pressure

Relationship between force, pressure, and area



pressure =
$$\frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$$

$$area = \frac{force}{pressure}$$

Blaise Pascal developed concepts about pressure in the 1640's.

The SI unit for pressure is the pascal. 1 Pa = 1 N/m^2





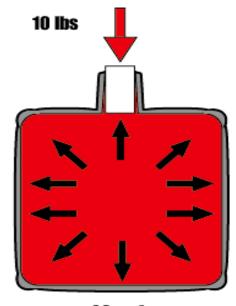
Pascal's Law

Pressure applied on a confined fluid at rest is transmitted undiminished in all directions and acts with equal force on equal areas and at right angles to them.

How much force is exerted on every square inch of the container wall illustrated on the right if 10 lb of force is applied to the one square inch stopper?

10 lb

What is the total resulting force acting on the bottom of the container? 200 lb 19MCT303 / IOT - FPS



20 sq in

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