

SNS COLLEGE OF NURSING Saravanam Patti (po), Coimbatore.



DEPARTMENT OF NURSING

COURSE NAME: B.Sc. (Nursing) III Year.

SUBJECT: MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING II

UNIT: II- EYE DISORDERS

TOPIC: BLINDNESS





BLINDNESS





BLINDNESS

Blindness is defined as the condition characterized by partial or complete loss of visual perception

 In the absence appropriate vision charts (By non-specialized personnel), the WHO has now added the "Inability to count fingers in daylight at a distance of 3 meters.



The problem



world

- 180 million people worldwide are visually disabled,
 of them 45 million are blind
- 80% of blindness is avoidable.
- Major cause of blindness and their estimated prevalence are
 - Cataract 19 million
 - Glaucoma 6.4 million
 - Trachoma 5.6 million
 - Childhood blindness > 1.5 million
 - Other 10 million32% of world's blind are aged 45-59years 58% are >60 years old





Partial blindness

In partial blindness dimness of vision without any apparent lesion in eye. It is characterized by

• squint

Causes:

suppression of the muscle function

Use of macula in case of uncorrected high error reflexion







complete blindness

It is the complete blindness in children

Causes:

- 1. Accidental injury by pen, knife
- 2.Prolonged haematuria
- 4. Neuromyelitis optica (immune system affect the optic nerve)
- 5.thrombosis of the central retinal vein (blood clot block the vessel)



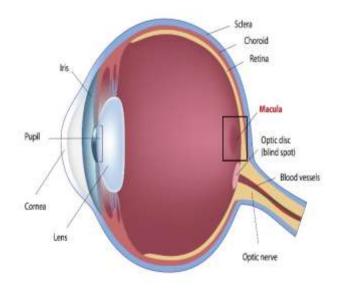
DAY BLINDNESS (HAMERALOPIA)



In day blindness vision is poor in bright light

Causes:

- 1.Pathological changes in the macula
- 2.central opacity of the lens
- 3. Congenital conditions





NIGHT BLINDNESS (NYCTALOPIA)



In night blindness vision is poor in night

Causes:

- 1.congenital
- 2.heredity
- 3. Retinal detachment
- 4.systemic disease

vitamin a deficiency

pathological changes in the liver

5.Glaucoma





Colour blindness

It is inability to identify the colour

Types:

Partial blindness (green, red,blue)

Total color blindness (everything grey)





CAUSES

- Tuberculosis of eye
- Veneral disease
- Vitamin a deficiency
- Infections
- Eye injury
- Heriditary diseases





ASSESSMENT

- Explain about the partial blindness
- Explain about the colour blindness





REFERENCES

1.Sharma.M.P.(2020), Text book of medical

surgical nursing,2nd edition,page no:112

2.Lewis,(2015),text book of medical surgical

nursing,2nd edition,page no:415





THANK YOU