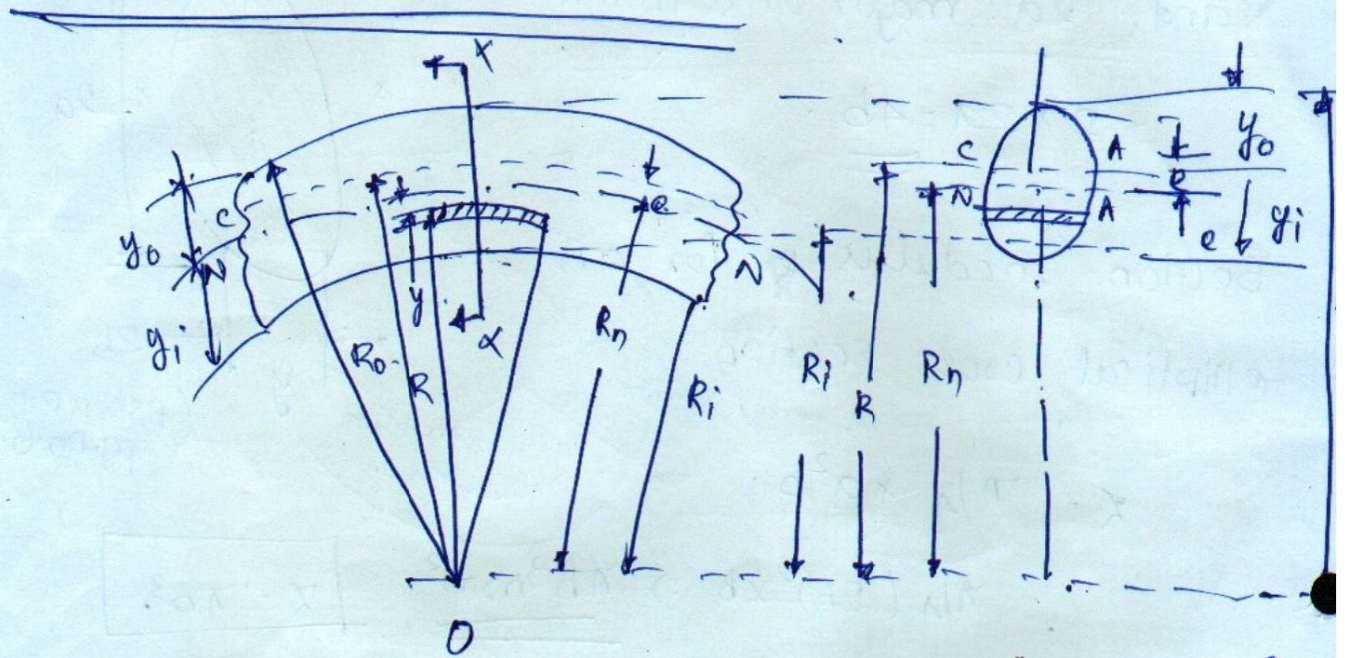


## Bending Stress in Curved beams.



$$\sigma_b = \frac{M}{A \cdot e} \left[ \frac{y}{R_n - y} \right]$$

[ PSG DPB Pg. no 62 ]

$M \rightarrow$  Bending moment

$A \rightarrow$  Area of cross section.

$e \rightarrow$  Distance from centroidal axis to the neutral axis,  
 $e \rightarrow R - R_n$ .

$R =$  Radius of curvature of the centroidal axis.

$R_n \rightarrow$  Radius of curvature of the neutral axis.

$y =$  Distance from the neutral axis to the fibre under consideration.

Max. bending stress at the inside fibre.

27 (14)

$$\sigma_{bi} = \frac{M \cdot y_i \cdot h_i}{A \cdot e \cdot R_i}$$

$y_i$  = Distance from the neutral axis to the inside fibre =  $R_n - R_i$

$$y_i = R_n - R_i$$

$$y_i = h_i$$

$R_i$  = Radius of curvature of the inside fibre.

Max. bending stress at the outside fibre.

$$\sigma_{bo} = \frac{M \cdot y_o \cdot h_o}{A \cdot e \cdot R_o}$$

$$h_o = y_o$$

$y_o$  = Distance from neutral axis to the outside fibre, =  $R_o - R_n$ .

$$y_o = R_o - R_n$$

Note:-

$R_o$  = Radius of curvature of the outside fibre.

Bending stress at the inside fibre is tensile.

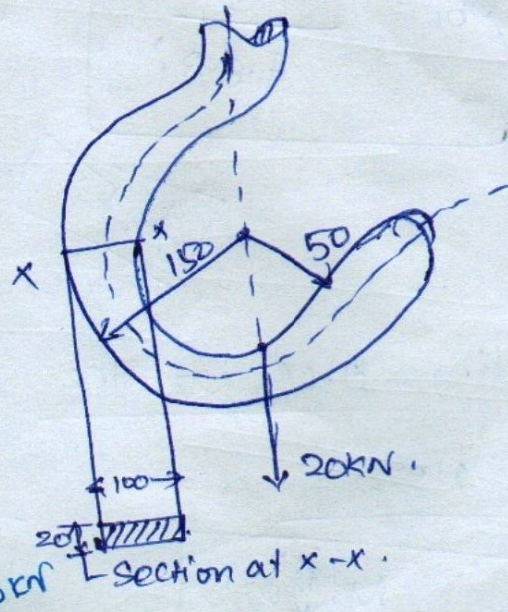
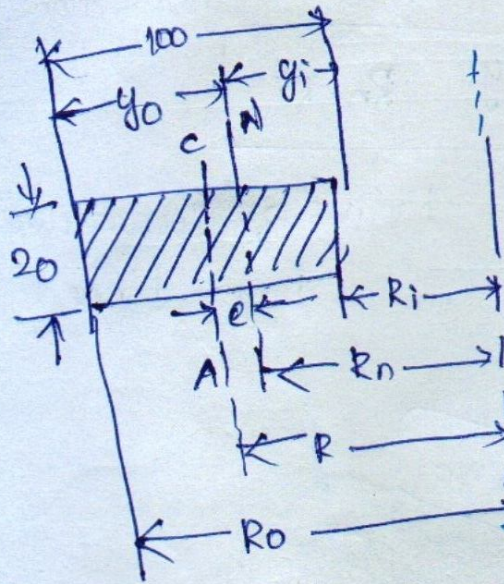
Bending stress at the outside fibre is compressive.

Problems:-

1) The crane hook carries a load of 20kN as shown in figure. The section at x-x is a rectangle whose horizontal side is 100mm. Find the stresses in the inner and outer fibres at the given section.

Solution:

Given =  $Wl = 20kN = 20 \times 10^3 N$ .



All dimensions are in mm.

$R_i = 50 \text{ mm}; R_o = 150 \text{ mm}$

Stoff  $I_n =$   
 $h = 100 \text{ mm}$   
 $b = 20 \text{ mm}$

What, area of section at x-x.

$A = b \cdot h = 20 \times 100 = \underline{\underline{2000 \text{ mm}^2}}$

Radius of curvature of the neutral axis

$R_n = \frac{h}{\log_e \left[ \frac{R_o}{R_i} \right]} = \frac{100}{\log_e \left[ \frac{150}{50} \right]} = \underline{\underline{91.07 \text{ mm}}}$

Radius of curvature of the centroidal axis

$R = R_i + \frac{h}{2} = 50 + \frac{100}{2} = \underline{\underline{100 \text{ mm}}}$

Distance b/w centroidal axis and neutral axis

$e = R - R_n = 100 - 91.07 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{8.93 \text{ mm}}}$

Distance b/w the <sup>load and</sup> centroidal axis ~~and neutral axis~~ <sup>29</sup> (15)

$$\alpha = R = 100 \text{ mm}$$

Bending moment about the centroidal axis

$$M = W \times \alpha = 20 \times 10^3 \times 100 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{2 \times 10^6 \text{ N-mm}}}$$

The section at x-x is subjected to a direct tensile load of  $wl = 20 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$  and a bending moment  $M = 2 \times 10^6 \text{ N-mm}$ .

Tensile stress at section x-x.

$$\sigma_t = \frac{W}{A} \Rightarrow \frac{20 \times 10^3}{2000} \Rightarrow 10 \text{ N/mm}^2 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{10 \text{ MPa}}}$$

Wkt, Distance from the neutral axis to the inside fibre,

$$y_i = R_o - R_i$$

$$y_i = 91.07 - 50 = \underline{\underline{41.07 \text{ mm}}}$$

Distance from the neutral axis to outside fibre,

$$y_o = R_o - R_n = 150 - 91.07 = \underline{\underline{58.93 \text{ mm}}}$$