

# **SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

Kurumbapalayam(Po), Coimbatore – 641 107 Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, Recognized by UGC & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

## Department of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science

Course Name – Big Data Analytics III Year / V Semester

**Unit 3 – DATA ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORKS** 

**Topic - Yarn Components** 







### **Components of YARN Resource Manager**

- It is the ultimate authority in resource allocation.  $\bullet$
- On receiving the processing requests, it passes parts of requests to corresponding node managers accordingly, where the actual processing takes place.
- It is the arbitrator of the cluster resources and decides the allocation of the available resources ulletfor competing applications.
- Optimizes the cluster utilization like keeping all resources in use all the time against various constraints such as capacity guarantees, fairness, and SLAs.
- It has two major components: lacksquarea) Scheduler b) Application Manager







### a) Scheduler

- The scheduler is responsible for allocating resources to the various running applications subject to constraints of capacities, queues etc.
- It is called a pure scheduler in ResourceManager, which means that it does not perform any ulletmonitoring or tracking of status for the applications.
- If there is an application failure or hardware failure, the Scheduler does not guarantee to restart  $\bullet$ the failed tasks.
- Performs scheduling based on the resource requirements of the applications. ullet
- It has a pluggable policy plug-in, which is responsible for partitioning the cluster resources  $\bullet$ among the various applications.
- There are two such plug-ins: Capacity Scheduler and Fair Scheduler, which are currently used as • Schedulers in ResourceManager.





### **b)** Application Manager

- It is responsible for accepting job submissions.  $\bullet$
- Negotiates the first container from the Resource Manager for executing the application specific ۲ Application Master.
- Manages running the Application Masters in a cluster and provides service for restarting the ۲ Application Master container on failure.







### **Node Manager**

- It takes care of individual nodes in a Hadoop cluster and manages user jobs and workflow on the  $\bullet$ given node.
- It registers with the Resource Manager and sends heartbeats with the health status of the node. ullet
- Its primary goal is to manage application containers assigned to it by the resource manager. ullet
- It keeps up-to-date with the Resource Manager.  $\bullet$
- Application Master requests the assigned container from the Node Manager by sending it a • Container Launch Context(CLC) which includes everything the application needs in order to run. The Node Manager creates the requested container process and starts it.
- Monitors resource usage (memory, CPU) of individual containers. ullet
- Performs Log management.  $\bullet$
- It also kills the container as directed by the Resource Manager. Yarn / Big Data Analytics / AD / SNSCE •



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### **Application Master**

- An application is a single job submitted to the framework. Each such application has a unique  $\bullet$ Application Master associated with it which is a framework specific entity.
- It is the process that coordinates an application's execution in the cluster and also manages • faults.
- Its task is to negotiate resources from the Resource Manager and work with the Node Manager to ulletexecute and monitor the component tasks.
- It is responsible for negotiating appropriate resource containers from the ResourceManager, ullettracking their status and monitoring progress.
- Once started, it periodically sends heartbeats to the Resource Manager to affirm its health and to  ${\bullet}$ update the record of its resource demands.

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### **Container**

- It is a collection of physical resources such as RAM, CPU cores, and disks on a single node.
- YARN containers are managed by a container launch context which is container life-cycle(CLC).  $\bullet$
- This record contains a map of environment variables, dependencies stored in a remotely ulletaccessible storage, security tokens, payload for Node Manager services and the command necessary to create the process.
- It grants rights to an application to use a specific amount of resources (memory, CPU etc.) on ulleta specific host.







### **Application Workflow in Hadoop YARN**

Refer to the given image and see the following steps involved in Application workflow of Apache ulletHadoop YARN:



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### **Application Workflow in Hadoop YARN**

- Client submits an application  $\bullet$
- Resource Manager allocates a container to start Application Manager
- **Application Manager registers with Resource Manager**
- Application Manager asks containers from Resource Manager
- Application Manager notifies Node Manager to launch containers
- Application code is executed in the container
- Client contacts Resource Manager/Application Manager to monitor application's status
- **Application Manager unregisters with Resource Manager** •









## **THANK YOU**



